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VOL. XVI. NO. 125. LIMA, OHIO FRIDAY, MARCH 9, 1900. PRICE THREE CENTS

KRUGER

Wants to End the Conflict.

An Appeal to That End Cabled to Lord Salisbury.

Terms do not Suit the British

Who Declare That the Proposal is a Ruse to Gain Time.

Independece Will Not be Given Boers

If the British Succeed in the Conflict Now Being Waged in the Transvaal.

Salisbury Says the Proposition Cabled by Kruger is Practically the Same as That Made by Him Before the English Government Submitted Its Ulutimatum Precipitating Hostilities.

London, March 8.---Late this afternoon it is learned that President Kruger has appealed to Lord Salisbury for a cessation of hostilities, offering at length, by cable, terms he was willing to accept. These terms include practically nothing more than Transvaal government offered prior to the British ultimatum.

Officials here regard the propositions as merely a ruse of the Boers to gain time. It is understood that President Kruger's advances will be met with an emphatic rejection at the hands of Lord Saltsbury, who said that no attempt to retain the independence of the Transvaal will be considered for one moment by the British government.

DEBS

Has Been Nominated

By the Socialist Party for President of the U. S.

Harriman, of California. is His Running Mate---Debs Once Threw Aside the Crown, But Relented.

Special by Associated Press.

Indianapolis, Ind., March 9.—Eugene V. Debs, after having declined the nomination for president by the Amalgamated Socialists, this morning consented to accept. Joe Harriman will be nominated for vice president.

This ticket will absorb the Holquit-Harriman faction of the Socialist Labor party by agreement. Mr. Debs' refusal to accept the nomination and his subsequent acceptance of it, is explained by his friends who say that Debs has been applying his earnings to the extinction of a debt against the American Railway Union and that he did not want to cease until the debt was paid.

Debs received assurances that the debt will be taken care of and that he would receive a rest of three months before entering the political canvass. At this morning's session of the convention the nominations of Debs and Harriman were confirmed.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Special by Associated Press.

Cincinnati, Ohio, March 9.—Hogs easy, $4.80@$5.00. Cattle easier $2.00@$5.10. Sheep steady $4.25@$6.00. Lambs lower $6.00@$7.25.

Chicago, March 9.—Cattle receipts, 4,000. Good to prime steers $5.10@$6.00. Hogs, receipts, 30,000, lower, $5.65@$4.95. Sheep, receipts, 9,000, slow, $5.00@$10.00, lower except for best, $5.50@$5.90. Lambs $5.30@$7.40.

A CANARD.

Denial of the Report of Father Moeller's Appointment.

Special by Associated Press.

Rome, March 9.—There is no truth in the report published in the United States that Rev. Dr. Father Moeller has been appointed bishop of Columbus, Ohio. The propaganda is still awaiting the necessary diocesan appointments from Columbus and after their arrival the propaganda will make a decision in the matter.

AN OFFER

Made By the Chicago Club for a Young Indiana Pitcher.

Special by Associated Press.

Richmond, Ind., March 9.—Chauncey Fisher, of the St. Paul club, now a member of the local polo team, has received an offer from the management of the new Chicago team, which will be a member of the proposed National Association.

AGREED

To Report the Amended Hay-Pauncefote Treaty.

Washington, March 9.—The senate committee on foreign relations today agreed to report the Hay-Pauncefote treaty with an amendment granting authority for the defense of the canal by this country.

TOO MUCH WATER.

Fremonters Are Not Especially Partial to That Fluid.

Special by Associated Press.

Fremont, O., March 9.—The flood situation here is more alarming than ever. Water is ten inches higher new than it was last night. The ice gorge north of town still refuses to move out. The heavy ice floe has considerably weakened the State street bridge, connecting east and west of Fremont. The flats and low parts of the city remain inundated and sewers are unable to carry off the surplus water.

FREE

Trade Demanded

With the People of the Island of Porto Rico.

There is No Parallel

Between the Conditions Over There and the Philippines.

Senator Foraker Has Been Whipped Into Line to Support the Administration Bill Imposing Tariff Burden On the Islanders.

Special by Associated Press.

Washington, March 9.—Senator Lindsay in his speech on the Porto Rican Bill made the point that the conditions of Porto Rico and the Philippines are so entirely different that legislation for one cannot be a precedent for the other. He insisted that we may legislate for Porto Rico in the broadest spirit of generosity and justice without endangering our authority to solve the Asiatic problem on lines consistent with the best interest of the United States and of the Philippines, that will secure to the people of those islands national autonomy whenever they are prepared for it. He would favor free trade with Porto Rico.

FORAKER

Forced to Exploit the Views of His Ancient Enemy.

Washington, March 9.—Discussion of the Porto Rican tariff and civil government bill occupied the session of the senate. The principal speakers were Mr. Foraker (O.), in charge of the measure, and Mr. Pettus (Dem., Ala.). Mr. Pettus delivered a carefully prepared speech in opposition to the pending bill. He argued that it was unconstitutional and in violation of the principles of this government as laid down by the fathers of the country. Mr. Foraker explained the measure in detail and gave the reasons why the committee had determined upon the levying of a tariff upon Porto Rican products. In his opinion it was impossible for a direct tax, to be levied upon the people of the island to support a local government, because of their present destitute condition.

The committee, he said, had conceived the idea of placing a small tariff on Porto Rican products in order to raise a sum sufficient, with the sum otherwise raised, to give the people of the island not only a good government but also to build school houses and to make necessary public improvements. Then, too, it was necessary that the question of the extension of the constitution over our insular possessions should be determined by the supreme court, and by the very provisions of the bill it would be inevitable that the supreme court should pass upon that question. Porto Rico and the Philippines, he said, were on the same basis, so that the court's decision would determine our right to levy a tariff on products of the eastern archipelago.

Brakeman Killed.

Toledo, March 9.—Elwyn N. Warner, a brakeman on the Lake Shore railroad, was run over by a train at Richards station and instantly killed. Warner leaves a wife and two children in Grand Rapids, Mich.

BOTH

Presidents There

And Endeavored to Encourage the Troops.

The Rout Was Complete

As the Boer Soldiers Could Not be Rallied.

They Declared They Could Not Stand Against the Brilish Artillery and the Force of Their Cavalry.

Special by Associated Press.

London, March 9.—The war office has received the follrwing from Lord Roberts:

Polar Grove, March 9.—Presidents Kruger and Steyn were both present at the fight of the 7th and did all in their power to rally their troops. The rout, however, was complete, the men declaring they could not stand against the British artillery and such a force of cavalry.

Peace Seems Almost in Sight.

Special by Associated Press.

London, March 9.—From various quarters come signs of a possibility of peace in South Africa being shortly within bounds of practical politics. All the dispatches from Lord Roberts' headquarters, including those of the commander-in-chief himself, indicate a lack of a guiding spirit among the Boers and individual demoralization, portending disintergration unless speedily stemmed.

The flight of the Burghers from Poplar Grove, according to all accounts was wholly inglorious. It is said that the submission of the Free State is being demanded by the Burghers from their unwilling President and it is expected its submission will be made within a week.

Dispatches from Boer camp at Glencoe, via Lourenzo Marques, depict President Kruger as donning a bandolier, seizing a rifle and inviting volunteers to accompany him, as he wished to have a shot at the enemy himself.

President Kruger is also quoted as having declared in his address to his troops that he "did not know whether arbitration or intervention would end the struggle, but that it would end quickly, within the next month he strongly believed."

ALL IN RUINS.

Beautiful and Historic Theater Fratcaise, With Its Works of Art.

Paris, March 9.—The Theater Francaise, the historical playhouse of Paris, and the home of the world-famed comedie Francaise, is a mass of smoking ruins. Only the mere outside shell remains standing. The dome has collapsed and the interior is an utter wreck. The magnificent ceiling, bearing the allegorical painting by Mazerolle, the ceiling painting by Debuie the younger of "Truth Enlightening the World," which adorned the foyer, and a number of other mural tableaux and works of art, together with a portion of the invaluable library of manuscripts, vanished in the flames. Mlle. Henriot, 19, a beautiful actress, perished. During the fire thieves got away with much valuable art treasure.

On Serious Charges.

Lexington, Ky., March 9.—Chief of Police John McD. Ross, City License Inspector Garrett Welsh, Patrolman Dennis O'Reilly and D. Muccio of this city, and the three Democratic election commissioners of Jessamine county—J. H. Welsh, Robert Hunter and Hugh Scott—were taken before United States Commissioner Hill and gave bond in the sum of $1,500 each for appearance in the United States court at Louisville in October. The first four were arraigned on indictments charging felonies, intimidating or interfering with voters at the November election. The last three were charged with conspiring to defraud voters at the same election.

New Incorporations.

Columbus, O., March 9.—Miller City Telephone company, Miller City, $5,000; Hettrick Bath Cabinet company, Toledo; $10,000; Eagle White Lead company, Cincinnati, increase from $500,000 to $1,000,000; William E. Gang company, Cincinnati, increase from $12,000 to $40 000; Reliance Manufacturing company, Cleveland, amendment changing name to Wright Manufacturing company; Toledo and Michigan Railway company, $19,000.

Another Deficiency Bill.

Washington, March 9.—A second urgent deficiency appropriation bill was reported to the house by Chairman Cannon of the appropriations committee. It carries a total of $1,439,380. The main items are: For the naval establishment, $645,000, and government printing, $487,000. The naval items include $25,000 for water boats at Manila, $150,000 for coal barges at Manilla, and $30,000 for a naval equipment plant at Milwaukee.

Suicided in His Cell.

St. Louis, Mo., March 9.—Frank B. Calloway, under sentence for murder in the four courts jail, committed suicide about midnight by taking poison. Calloway shot and killed his wife in a big department store eight months ago. He was to have paid the penalty for his crime on Monday next.

WHO

Owned the Mine?

A Question Which Sovereign Could Not Answer.

Heard the Standard Did

But That Report Was Denied Repeatedly.

Still From Telegrams Which Had Developed in Testimony Witness Was Inclined to Believe Reports Were True.

Special by Associated Press.

Washington, March 9.—The cross examination of James R. Sovereign was continued today in the Coeur d' Alene investigation before the house committee on military affairs. Representative Dick took the witness over his statements regarding martial law and the course of the war department with a view of showing that it was the state authorities and not the federal government, who declared and enforced martial law. Mr. Sovereign said that the reading of the official telegrams satisfied him that the war department had declared martial law, as the military telegrams ante-dated the Governor's proclamation by one day. When asked if the military were there for any other purpose than to maintain peace and order, the witness answered that he believed that this was not their purpose, as their presence tended to terrorize the people substituting military dictation for the usual civil methods. No one ever heard of martial law before in labor troubles, Mr. Sovereign declared. As to his approval of the use of the military at the Chicago strike, he said that this was limited to the use of the military for police purposes, in maintaining order. Mr. Sovereign stated that he had understood that Bunker Hill mine was owned by the Standard Oil Co., but this had been denied by testimony before the industrial commission, although witness believed from telegrams which had developed in this case that this ownership existed.

The Treaty Amended.

Special by Associated Press.

Washington, March 9.—The foreign relations committee was practically unanimous in favor of the amendment to the treaty. Some objection was made by Senator Morgan, of Alabama, but he will not oppose the measure in the senate, accepting the change in order to hasten the action of the senate. Quite an elaborate report has been prepared by Mr. Morgan, which will be submitted to the senate in executive session when the treaty is reported. It is the opinion of members of the committee that the senate will with but little delay ratify the treaty as amended.

MANY

Bills Become Laws

Under the Manipulation of Ohio's Solons.

The Grist Very Large

And Will Give Lawyers Plenty of Occupation.

The Supreme Court's Salary Increase Followed by an Advance for the Stenographer for the Same Body.

Columbus, O., March 9.—In the senate the following bills were passed: To provide for the guarding of machinery; to provide that coroners shall be called to make all inquests in their counties; to prevent expectoration in public halls; to enable the Presbyterian synod to elect the trustees of Wooster university; removing the $200,000 limit from the statute permitting municipalities to purchase water works plants; providing for the trial of a prisoner for sanity by a jury in probate court; authorizing $150,000 park bonds for Toledo in the interest of the centennial.

Bills introduced: Providing for the teaching of physical culture in all the schools of the state; providing that township boards of education may employ music teachers; requiring all insurance companies organized under the laws of other nations to pay 5 per cent on their gross receipts annually for the privilege of doing business in Ohio.

In the House.

The official stenographer of the supreme court is to have an increase of salary from $1,000 to $1,200, if the senate passes a bill passed by the house.

Other bills passed: Authorizing the commissioners of Coshocton county to transfer $7,000 funds; authorizing village of McComb and Pleasant township, Hancock county, to issue $9,000 bonds for erection of a town and township hall; to submit to voters of Richland and Shelby counties at November election proposition to place county officials on fixed salaries; authorizing city of Toledo to issue $150,000 for improvement of boulevards; authorizing any city or village, township or county, having a surplus in the funds derived from the Dow liquor tax, to transfer such surplus to any other general or school fund; giving probate judges in all counties power to grant injunctions when judges of common pleas and circuit courts are absent from the county seat.

Speaker Reynolds gave it as his opinion that the legislature will be prepared to adjourn at noon Monday, April 2, or not later than Monday, April 9.

A school board bill was introduced for the city of Cincinnati which seeks to abolish the present board and substituting therefor a board of five school commissioners, who are to be elected for five years.

A bill to add to the statute covering the crime of arson the burning of straw stacks was introduced.

Church Burned.

Chicago, March 9.—The Second Presbyterian church was completely destroyed by fire. The building was the home of the most aristocratic congregation in the city, and was erected 20 years ago. A reception was being given in the church parlors by the Young People's Christian Endeavor society of the church. Sixty guests were present. As soon as the fire was discovered there was a rush for the doors and for a few moments it appeared as though there would be a dangerous panic, but all escaped. The loss on the building and furnishings is estimated at $200,000.

Big Deal In Oil.

Toledo, March 9.—Through an English syndicate, the Standard Oil company is credited with having secured control of the Cudahy oil interests in Ohio and Indiana and the properties of the Manhattan Oil company. The price was not made public but conservative oil men estimate it at $7,500,000. W. C. Whitney is credited with having engineered the deal.

A Floater Rescued.

Peru, Ind., March 9.—James Smith was rescued from a shanty boat that had been drifting in the Wabash some days. The little hut lodged on the island west of the city, when his feeble cries were heard. He stated that he had been without food four days and became unconscious before more could be learned about his experiences. He will likely die.

FIFTY VICTIMS.

General Inquest to Be Held Over Remains of the Miner Dead.

Charleston, W. Va., March 9.—The total number of dead recovered at Red Ash mine is 21. The bodies of those found in the mine are badly scorched, especially the parts not protected by clothing. The mine is very hot and this makes progress slow. Twenty-eight is the number known to be still in the mine. It had been reported that a second explosion had occurred, but this was denied. The work has progressed 4,000 feet into the mine. It was decided to hold a general inquest in conjunction with the coroner, and if the result of it is not satisfactory a special inquest will be held by the governor.

To Meet Under a Tent.

Sioux Falls, S. D., March 9.—Arrangements for the national Populist convention are being rapidly perfected, now that a letter has been received from Chairman Butler of the national committee denying the report that the committee contemplated changing the date and place of the convention to correspond with the Democratic gathering at Kansas City. As the new auditorium will seat but 4,000 it is planned to secure a huge tent seating 30,000 and offer it to the national committee.

Denounced the Bill.

Indianapolis, March 9.—Fifteen hundred people attended a public mass meeting, called by the Democratic county chairman, to take action against the Porto Rican tariff bill. Ex-Attorney General Smith and other prominent men spoke. The bill was denounced as unconstitutional.

Valuable Books Burned.

St. Petersburg, March 9.—A fire at the headquarters of the general staff destroyed a quantity of the most valuable books and manuscripts, which it is impossible to replace. All the fire brigades of the city were engaged and they obtained control of the flames.

Davis' Rule Condemned.

New York, March 9.—A meeting of the Socialist Labor party was held in Cooper union to protest against the action of the United States in regard to Porto Rico. Resolutions were adopted condemning the military rule of General Davis in that island.

Elevator Burned.

Ottawa, O., March 9.—The elevator and grist mill owned by G. W. Weiser at Gilboa, small village eight miles east of this city, was totally destroyed by fire. The loss is estimated at $15,000. The origin of the fire is not known.

MARKET REPORTS.

Grain and Stock Prices For March 8.

Cleveland.

Hogs—Yorkers and mediums, $5 10; good pigs, $4 70@4 80.

Sheep and Lambs—Good to choice wethers and yearlings, $6 00@6 50; fair to good mixed sheep, $5 25@5 75; common and culls, $3 50@4 50; good to choice lambs, $7 [illegible] 7 25; fair to good, $6 50@7 00; common grades, $5 50@6 00.

Cattle—Good to choice smooth fat steers, 1,050 lbs. and upwards, $4 50@4 90; green coarse grades, $4 25@4 40; fat smooth dry fed lighter steers, $4 25@4 50; green fat light steers, $4 00@4 25; good heifers, $4 00@4 50; good fat cows, $3 50@4 00; good bulls, $3 75@4 10. Calves—Good to best, $7 00@7 25; fair to good, $6 50@7 00.

Chicago.

Cattle—Good to prime steers, $5 10@6 00; poor to medium, $4 00@4 80; selected feeders, $4 15@4 80; mixed stockers, $3 40@3 90; cows, $3 00@4 25; heifers, $3 15@4 65; canners, $2 40@3 00; bulls, $3 00@4 40; fed Texas steers, $3 90@4 90; Texas bulls, $3 25@3 75. Calves—$4 75@7 75.

Hogs—Mixed and butchers', $4 75@4 97½; good to choice heavy, $4 90@5 00; rough heavy, $4 75@4 85; light, $4 70@4 92½.

Sheep and Lambs—Good to choice wethers, $5 00@5 90; fair to choice mixed, $4 75@5 50; western sheep, $5 50@5 90; yearlings, $5 80@6 40; native lambs, $5 40@7 50; western lambs, $6 00@7 40.

Wheat—No. 2 red, 68@69c. Corn—No. 2, 34¼c.

Pittsburg.

Cattle—Choice, $5 50@5 70; prime, $5 20@5 40; good, $4 85@5 10; tidy butchers', $4 65@4 80; common to good butchers', $4 25@4 60; bulls and stags, $2 50@4 80; fresh cows, $30 00@60 00. Calves—$7 00@7 50.

Hogs—Prime mediums, $5 15@5 20; heavy hogs, $5 10@5 15; heavy Yorkers, $5 12½@5 15; light Yorkers, $5 00@5 10; pigs, $4 80@4 95.

Sheep and Lambs—Choice sheep, $6 10@6 25; good, $5 85@6 00; fair, $5 40@5 75; choice lambs, $7 60@7 75; common to good, $5 75@7 50.

Buffalo.

Cattle—Shippers', $4 60@5 00; butchers', $4 25@4 75; tops, $4 25@5 40; cows and heifers, $4 00@4 40; stockers and feeders, $4 00@4 25. Calves—$6 00@8 00.

Hogs—Yorkers, $5 05@5 10; mediums, $5 15; heavy, $5 15@5 20; pigs, $4 75@4 80.

Sheep and Lambs—Best lambs, $7 50@7 65; westerns, $7 50@7 40; culls and fair, $5 50@6 25; mixed sheep, $6 00@6 25; culls and common, $3 75@4 00; yearlings, $6 50@6 75.

Cincinnati.

Wheat—No. 2 red, 73½@74c. Corn—No. 2 mixed, 38c. Oats—No. 2 mixed, 25½c. Rye—No. 2, 62c.

Lard—$5 70@5 75. Bulk meats—$5 87½. Bacon—$6 80.

Hogs—$4 10@5 00. Cattle—$3 00@5 10. Sheep—$4 25@6 00. Lambs—$6 25@7 35.

New York.

Calves—Veals, $5 00@8 00; tops, $8 50; little calves, $4 25; barnyard, $3 00@3 50.

Sheep and Lambs — Sheep, $4 50@6 00; culls, $4 00; lambs, $6 75@8 10.

Wheat—No. 2 red, 76½c. Corn — No. 2, 42c. Oats—No. 2, 28c.

Toledo.

Wheat—No. 2 cash, 71½c. Corn—No. 2 mixed, 36c. Oats—No. 2 mixed, 24½c. Rye—No. 2, 57½c. Cloverseed—Old, $4 95.

Baltimore.

Butter—Fancy creamery, 25@28c. Eggs—Fresh, 18@18c.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

FIGARO'S EDITOR.

Parisian Journalist Who Has Angered Count Castellane.

Here is M. Ferdinand de Rodays, the editor of the Paris Figaro, who has been conducting a cable discussion with Count Boni de Castellane, the husband of Anna Gould. Soon after Count Castellane sailed from France on his present visit to this country the Figaro published a story about him in which it was declared that the count had become a financial bankrupt through reckless expenditures and stock gambling. It was hinted that his visit to New York was made for the purpose of refilling his purse from the Goulds' treasure boxes.

When Count Castellane landed and heard of this, he was furious. Although a little man, he has the habit of talking as big as though he weighed a ton. At first he announced that he would sue M. de Rodays for 100,000 francs, but when the great Paris editor replied that, as the count had reflected on the commercial standing of the Figaro, he should bring a counter suit for twice that amount the fiery little count talked of slapping the editor's face and of running him through with a rapier.

M. FERDINAND DE RODAYS.

Although this may be merely bombast, it is not entirely impossible that when the count returns to France he may engage in another of those amusing and harmless affairs, a Parisian duel. His "affair of honor" with M. Henri Turot is still remembered. The "honor" of the combatants was satisfied when M. Turot received a slight flesh wound in the forearm.

But Editor de Rodays may decline to make such a spectacle of himself. He is rather busy most of the time conducting a most successful journal. His newspaper is probably the most enterprising of the Parisian sheets, and it makes a specialty of acquiring libel suits.

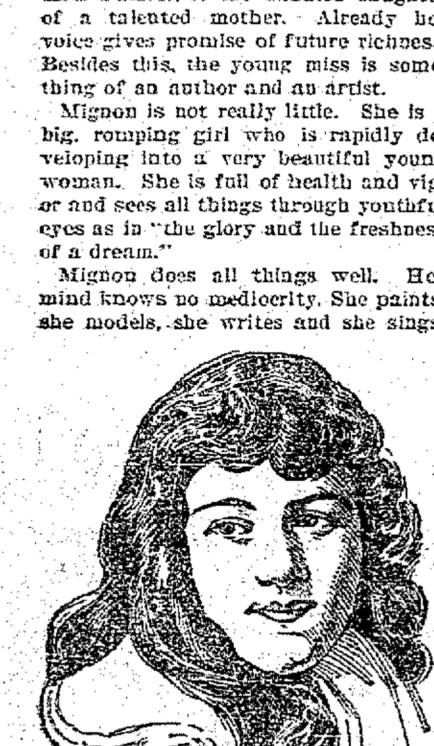
A DIVA'S DAUGHTER.

Emma Nevada's Beautiful and Talented Little Girl.

Little Mignon Palmer, the 13-year-old daughter of the prima donna who is known in the stage world as Emma Nevada, but who in private life is Mrs. Palmer, is the talented daughter of a talented mother. Already her voice gives promise of future richness. Besides this, the young miss is something of an author and an artist.

Mignon is not really little. She is a big, romping girl who is rapidly developing into a very beautiful young woman. She is full of health and vigor and sees all things through youthful eyes as in "the glory and the freshness of a dream."

Mignon does all things well. Her mind knows no mediocrity. She paints, she models, she writes and she sings.


MISS MIGNON PALMER.

Those who have heard her singing voice now she will make such an artist as the world has never known. Those who have read her stories stand in wonderment before the output of the child's mind.

Mme. Nevada says, "My child shall be a singer, and the world will stand still to listen to her." Dr. Palmer, the child's happy father, says, "Our daughter is a genius." Little Mignon herself says, "I love to sing and, oh, I love to write—sad tales that make you creep and want to cry—and I love to typewrite."

She has traveled extensively. She has moved in a set that has known some of the greatest minds of all Europe. She has been reared in an atmosphere of music. Ambroise Thomas, the composer of "Mignon," is her godfather; Mme. Marchesi, the celebrated vocal instructress, is her godmother. Her future is bright.

Constipation, Headache, Biliousness, Heartburn, Indigestion, Dizziness,

Indicate that your liver is out of order. The best medicine to rouse the liver and cure all these ills, is found in

Hood's Pills

25 cents. Sold by all medicine dealers.

Winter Trips in the Tropics.

The C. H. & D. Ry., has on sale at its principal ticket offices both single and round trip tickets to all points in Cuba and the West Indies, Belize—British Honduras—Livingston and Port Barrios, Guatamala—Port Cortez, Ceibe and Truxillo, Spanish Honduras Port Limon, Costa Rica—Bocas de Toro, Columbia—Bluefields and Rama, Nicaragua; also to many other points in Central and South America. Baggage checked through to destination. Sleeping car space and Steamer accommodations reserved on application to ticket agent. If you contemplate a Southern trip, get information from your nearest C. H. & D. agent or write D. G. Edwards, P. T. M., Cincinnati, Ohio.

It is very hard to stand by and see our dear ones suffer while awaiting the arrival of the doctor. An Albany (N. Y.) dairyman called at a drug store there for a doctor to come and see his child, then very sick with the croup. Not finding the doctor in, he left word for him to come at once on his return. He also bought a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, which he hoped would give some relief until the doctor should arrive. In a few hours he returned, saying that the doctor need not come, as the child was much better. The druggist, Mr Otto Scholz, says the family has since recommended Chamberlain's Cough Remedy to their neighbors and friends until he has a constant demand for it from that part of the country. For sale by all druggists.

Wit in the Island of Saints.

St. Patrick is said to have banished toads and snakes from the island of Saints. He did not banish wit and repartee, says the Nineteenth Century. Yet it is as hard to classify these "gems" as it is to set uncut jewels in fragile filagree. In this paper I merely pass on a few of the humorous sayings and doings I have heard and seen in this beautiful island during a long course of residence therein. My dispensary district extends over a wide sweep of moorland and mountain. Hours are long. Work hard. Pay small. What should I do without a sense of the ludicrous—that sense which can hardly lay claim to being a virtue, but is surely a most valuable possession? For instance, suddenly to hear this prayer breathed after a gouty old gentleman of miserly habits, "The Lord make your heart as tender as your toes!" quite makes up for a too small check pocketed by his medical attendant. Or a porter's answer, "There is no first train, at all at all; they are all evenin' wans here," is almost enough to compensate for long detention at a wayside station.

Cure a Cold in One Night

Take Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey. It clears the throat, soothes the bronchials and exhilarates the lungs. 25c at all good druggists. No cure no pay.—T. N. Cunningham, 136 north Main street.

George Sand at 35.

M. Edouard Grenier, in his "Literary Reminiscences," gives the following description of George Sand, who became known to him when she was 35. "She was," says Household Words, "short and stout," he says, "but her face attracted all my attention, the eyes especially. They were wonderful eyes—a little too close together, it may be, large, with full eyelids, and black, very black, but by no means lustrous; they reminded me of unpolished marble, or rather of velvet, and this gave a strange, dull, even cold, expression to her countenance. Her fine eyebrows and these great placid eyes gave her an air of strength and dignity which was not borne out by the lower part of her face. Her nose was rather thick and not over shapely. Her mouth was also rather course and her chin small. She spoke with great simplicity and her manners were very quiet."

The Best Salve in the World

Is Banner Salve. It is made from a prescription by a world wide known skin specialist and is positively the most healing salve for piles, burns, scalds, ulcers, running sores and all skin diseases. H. F. Vortkamp, Cor. Main and North streets.

Character and Chirography.

A man's handwriting changes with his character, and character changes with age. This fact induces some banks to require depositors to sign their names every time their pass books are balanced.

The Easy Food
Easy to Buy,
Easy to Cook,
Easy to Eat,
Easy to Digest.
Quaker Oats
At all grocers
in 2-lb. pkgs. only

NEW FACTS ABOUT BOERS.

More Interesting Information About Oom Paul's People.

Many descriptions of the Boers purport to apply to the whole people, while the fact is that no one statement can be made to fit them all. They are widely scattered and have lived under differing conditions which have diversely affected their habits, ideas and character, says the New York Sun. Thus while their fraternal feeling is strong and they are closely allied in political sentiment, the Boers of various parts of South Africa differ much from one another.

The only Boers who seem fully to have maintained the primitive simplicity and narrowness of view of their fathers are the farmers of the middle veldt in the South African Republic. They live in the region between the latitude of Pretoria and the tropic of Capricorn. They are isolated on their vast farms, many of which embrace 6,000 acres of grazing lands. They seldom see strangers and leave their farms only four times a year to visit the nearest market town and attend the "nachtmaal" or religious festival. Many of them cannot read, and those who are not illiterate read only the Bible.

The farmers of the high veldt, between Pretoria and the southern border, on the other hand, see much of the uitlanders in the mining towns and visit the railroad towns and the capital, which in spirit and appearance have been completely transformed in the past 15 years. They raise sheep and horses, while cattle are the mainstay of their friends in the north, and they have gone largely into market gardening, which is unknown in the north. They have learned a good deal of the world, while the farmers of the middle veldt are what their fathers were and little more.

There is a great difference between these cattle raisers of the Transvaal and the Boers of Cape Colony. The latter have been politicians for two generations. Until the difficulties between the Transvaal Boers and the uitlanders arose there was not nearly so much anti-English sentiment in the Transvaal as in Cape Colony, where political strife between the Cape Dutch and the British colonists has often been fierce and bitter. The Cape Boer has the newspapers which reflect his political sentiments, and he reads them as well as his Bible. Some of the ablest of them are printed only in English. His children are educated under the laws of the Colony, and they all talk English. His experience of the world has naturally made him in many respects unlike his cousins in the northern Transvaal.

In fact, the Boers of Cape Colony, the Orange Free State and the southern third of the Transvaal have for years been in process of evolution, and the progressive influences have affected not only the burghers of the cities, many of whom are charming and well educated people, but in a lesser degree the dwellers in the grazing and agricultural districts. Just before the war-cloud arose they were talking of a university in Pretoria, and advanced schools have for some years been well established there and in Bloemfontein. The Boers are proving that they can grow with the rest of the world, and, with their splendid qualities, whatever the result of the war may be, they will be an important factor in the further progress of South Africa.

BED JACKSON DIED ON.

Stonewall Memorial Association Has Received a Valuable Relic.

The Stonewall Jackson Memorial association, for the charter of which the senate has passed a bill, has come in possession of an interesting relic of General Jackson, says a Richmond (Va.) dispatch to the Atlanta Constitution. This is the bed on which the distinguished Confederate commander died at the home of Thomas Chandler of Guineas Station, in Caroline county. It was received by Dr. Hunter McGuire, who is chairman of the executive committee of the association.

This relic was presented to the gentleman by J. C. Bowlare, to whose mother it was given by Mr. Chandler, its original owner. It has been in the possession of the Bowlare family ever since. It was by that gentleman given to be sold for the purpose of raising the money to erect a monument on the spot where Jackson was shot. But that memorial was raised without its sale. This valuable relic will be placed in the Chandler house as soon as that property is acquired by the association.

A New Breach of Promise Decision.

In the case of William H. Brown versus Sarah A. Odill a decree giving $2,800 for breach of promise was recently affirmed by the supreme court. A very unusual question was involved in this case. Brown and his wife had been divorced. He and Miss Odill, according to a Nashville dispatch to the Louisville Courier-Journal, became engaged, with the understanding that they were to marry only after the death of his divorced wife. He married another, however, and the suit followed. His defense was that the time had not come for him to fill his contract, but the court decided against him on the ground that he had placed himself in a position where it was impossible for him to keep his contract if his divorced wife should die.

A Miners' Holiday.

John Mitchell, president of the United Mine Workers, recently issued a call at Indianapolis addressed to all the union men of the country requesting them to reserve Saturday, March 31, as a holiday, says the Cincinnati Commercial Tribune. It is the anniversary of the founding of the eight hour workday among miners in Chicago in 1888.

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS

Sufferers from stomach troubles such as Dyspepsia, Constipation, Indigestion need the Bitters immediately. It cures quickly and permanently where all other so-called remedies fail. It is the king of all stomach tonics

A Practical Question.

G. R. Glenn, superintendent of public instruction of the state of Georgia, tells this story: One day he explained the powers of the X-ray machine to a gathering of "darkies" who had assembled at a school commencement. After the meeting was over a negro called him aside, and wanted to know if he was in earnest about the machine. Mr. Glenn assured him that he was. "Boss, I wants ter ax you ef er nigger et chicken kin yer look in him an' see chicken?" "Why, yes, Ephriam," said Mr. Gleen. "Well, boss, I wants ter ax you one mo' question. Kin you look in dat nigger an' tell whar dat chicken cum from?"—Memphis Scimitar.

To be Prepared

For war is the surest way for this nation to maintain peace. That is the opinion of the wisest statesman. It is equally true that to be prepared for spring is the best way to avoid the peculiar dangers of the season. This is a lesson multitudes are learning, and at this time, when the blood is sure to be loaded with impurities and to be weak and sluggish, the millions begin to take Hood's Sarsaparila, which purifies, enriches and vitalizes the blood, expels all disease germs, creates a good appetite, gives strength and energy and puts the whole system in a healthy condition, preventing pneumonia, fevers, and other dangerous diseases which are liable to attack a weakened system.

For Children's Throats.

During the school term when children must go continually and are subjected to all kinds of weather they are suceptible to a no more dangerous malady than sore throat. This, however, can be avoided by any mother who will follow out the directions given here: The treatment consists in thoroughly swabbing the back of the mouth and throat with a wash made thus: Table salt, two drams; black pepper, golden seal, nitrate of potash, alum, one dram each. Mix and pulverize, put into a teacup half full of water, stir well and then fill up with good vinegar. Use every half-hour, one, two and four hours, as recovery progresses. The child may swallow a little each time. Apply one ounce each of spirits of turpentine, sweet oil and aqua ammonia, mixed, every hour, to the whole of the throat and to the breast bone every four hours, keeping flannel to the part. In case of a severe cold it is better to administer the treatment over night, and in the morning the soreness will be found to have entirely disappeared.

Try Grain-o! Try Grain-o!

Ask your Grocer today to show you a package of GRAIN-O, the new food drink that takes the place of coffee. The children may drink it without injury as well as the adult. All who try it, like it. GRAIN-O has that rich seal brown of Mocha or Java, but it is made from pure grains, and the most delicate stomach receives it without distress. ¼ the price of coffee. 15c. and 25c. per package. Sold by all grocers.

Nations as Merchants.

America sells three times as much as she buys: Germany buys over $250,000,000 worth more every year than she sells; while Great Britain last year bought twice as much as she sold.

He Fooled The Surgeons.

All doctors told Renick Hamilton, of West Jefferson, O., after suffering 18 months from Rectal Fistula, he would die unless a costly operation was performed; but he cured himself with Bucklen's Arnica Salve, the best in the world. Surest Pile cure on earth. 25c a box at H. F. Vortkamp's drug store, corner North and Main Sts.

Journeys Around the Earth.

The time required for a journey around the earth by a man walking day and night, without resting, would be 428 days; an express train, forty days; sound, at a medium temperature, thirty-two and one-half hours; a cannon ball, twenty-one and three-fourths hours; light, a little over one-tenth of a second, and electricity passing over a copper wire, a little under one-tenth of a second.

Face Humors

Pimples, blackheads, simple rashes, red, rough hands, falling hair, and baby blemishes prevented by CUTICURA SOAP, a sure preventive of inflammation and clogging of the Pores.

Sold throughout the world. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Props., Boston. How to Prevent Face Humors, free.

REVIEW OF "DAVID HARUM."

Mrs. Craigie's Interesting Comments on the Well Known Novel.

John Oliver Hobbes (Mrs. Craigie), the well known novelist and dramatist, publishes in the March North American Review a delightful review of "David Harum." Mrs. Craigie, who is an American by birth, though she has long resided on the other side of the Atlantic, writes from the point of view of one who is as familiar with life in England as in the United States, and one interesting opinion which she propounds is that in spite of the magnificent ability of certain English authors of the present day not one could create a character which would win the whole English population as David Harum

MRS. CRAIGIE.

has won the American public, the reason being that with so many class distinctions a national figure is out of the question. In her comments upon the book and upon the persons depicted in it she displays wonderful insight and sympathy. Here is Mrs. Craigie's comparative estimate of the work:

"It would be pleasant to quote the many quaint and pregnant sayings of David. One at least ought to be immortal: 'A reasonable amount of fleas is good for a dog. They keep him f'm broodin on bein a dog.' The book, however, owes its worth less to its humor, which is excellent, than to its humanity. There lies its real strength. Other works have been equally and even more entertaining. The novels of that very distinguished artist and man of letters, Mr. W. D. Howells, belong already to the literature of both worlds and contain portraits of incomparable force. Bret Harte and Mr. Cable have drawn pictures and people which will live while romance can stir the hearts or poetry lift up the souls of men. It may not be claimed that the author of 'David Harum' takes his place beside writers of such high rank, but his book reflects a brave, independent, manly spirit, without fear, without affectation, honorable, just, grave, but not melancholy, seeing the laughter of things, yet never descending to that coarse levity which passes all too easily in these days for courage."

NOVEL STRENGTH TESTER.

Dr. Anderson's Ergograph Records the Smallest Muscular Effort.

A new mechanical device, the invention of Director Anderson of the Yale gymnasium at New Haven, has just been finished and placed in the test room. Dr. Anderson calls it an "ergograph," because it measures and automatically records the effort put forth by a gymnast on various apparatuses, even to the fraction of an inch, in foot pounds.

Dr. Anderson believes the ergograph will be of great value in showing which muscles are strongest and in cases of unequal development will automatically register from day to day the records, so that a trainer may be unerringly guided, says the New York World. Questions as to the value of certain exercises in aiding the development of muscles will thus be settled.

The inventor believes the mechanism will also be of value in showing the relative cost in physical exertion of the several branches of sport. The possibilities of the idea are considered unlimited, too, in recording the punching ability of boxers and with necessary modifications almost any sort of muscular exertion.

WROTE AN ESSAY ON ISLANDS

Soldier In the Philippines Received a Public School Diploma.

Probably the only resident of the United States who has received a diploma of graduation from the public schools while sojourning in the Philippine Islands is Lewis W. Colson of Versailles, Ind. In order to receive his diploma of graduation he has written an essay on the Islands and sent it to County Superintendent Royce, who in turn forwarded the diploma.

Mr. Colson made his own pen and ink and wrote the essay without the aid of a dictionary or any help whatever, says the Chicago Inter Ocean. He is serving in Company I, Twenty-third infantry, now stationed at Cebu.

Faster Rathbun as an Athlete.

Milton Rathbun, the wealthy faster who lately reduced his weight from 207 to 164 pounds within 35 days, intends to put himself in the hands of a professional strong man, says the New York World. Before Rathbun began his fast he took a course of physical training in the hope of reducing his weight. He found that the exercise made no impression. He declares that without the benefits derived from this athletic training he would not have been able to undergo the strain of the fast.

Books Endanger the Doge's Palace.

The weight of the 200,000 volumes which have been in the doge's palace at Venice since 1812 is endangering that old building, wherefore the government has voted 75,000 francs for their transference to the Zecca building.

Dr. Bull's COUGH SYRUP

is the national remedy for Americans, large or small. Of course, out of 75,000,000 people in the United States there are some who do not know about Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup; but yet, just as an experiment, ask the first friend you meet what he knows of it. Even if he says: "All I know is it cures coughs," don't be content with that, ask your doctor. We guarantee it to be sure—quick—harmless. Dr. Bull prescribed it and mothers recommend it.

Refuse Substitutes.

A. C. Meyer & Co. Baltimore, Md.

Dr. Bull's Pills cure Dyspepsia and Constipation. Trial, 20 for 5 cents. At all dealers or by mail.

Age of Genesis.

From Collier's Weekly: A well-known divinity professor, a grave and learned man, had five daughters, whom his students irreverently named "Genesis," "Exodus," "Numbers," "Leviticus," and "Deuteronomy." Beginning his lecture one day, the professor said: "Gentlemen, I wish to speak to you about the age of Genesis." Roars of laughter came from the students. "Genesis is not so old as you suppose," continued the professor. More roars—so long continued, indeed, that the worthy man had time to think before he made the next remark. He said timidly—and he managed to hit the mark this time: "I may not be thinking of the same Genesis as you are!"

Walker's Tonic is the link that picks up the vital force of man in his run-down state and binds him to health and strength by recuperating the Brain, regulating the action of the heart and nourishing the Nervous System. T. N. Cunningham, 136 north Main street.

Sleep with the Hair Loosened.

Sleeping with the hair pinned up tightly is not only bad for the circulation, but it is said to prevent the hair from growing.

Good old Granny Metcalfe, of Kentucky, 89 years old, says that Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey is the best Grip Cure, Cough, Lung and Bronchial remedy that has been offered the people during her life. T. N. Cunningham, 136 N. Main Street.

Our Quota the Smallest.

In time of war France puts 370 out of every 1,000 of her population in the field; Germany, 310; Russia, 210.

Dr. James' Headache Powders.

NERVES ON EDGE.

It is when the nerves are irritated and disordered that headaches come. May be any one of a dozen primary causes, but the result is always the same.

Dr. James' Headache Powders

Soothe and restore the nerve force—make it impossible for headache to exist. Perfectly harmless—no unpleasant after-effects.

Do not affect the heart in any way.

At all Drug Stores. 4 doses 10 cents.

Cure Where Others Fail.

Notice of Dissolution.

The firm of Feist & Morris, lumber dealers of Lima, O., having this day, by mutual consent of the partners therein, been dissolved, we wish to hereby notify the public of said dissolution and that David D. Morris, from the date thereof, retires from said firm, and that said business will hereafter be conducted, and in the name of Theodore Feist, who assumes all liabilities of said firm, and to whom the accounts owing to said firm are payable.

Dated, Lima, O., March 1st, 1900.

THEO. FEIST.
DAVID D. MORRIS.

119-6tw

Notice.

Chesteen E. Hill, Plaintiff, vs. Alice Hill, Defendant.

Alice Hill, whose place of residence is unknown, will take notice that on the 10th day of February, 1900, Chesteen E. Hill filed his petition in the probate court of Allen county, Ohio, in Case No. ...... against said Alice Hill, for divorce from said Alice Hill on the ground of 3 years willful absence. Said Alice Hill is required to answer on or before the 9th day of April, 1900, or judgment may be taken against her.

CHESTEEN E. HILL.
Motter & Mackenzie his attorneys.

Notice of Appointment.

Estate of Charles W. Watt, deceased.

The undersigned has been appointed and qualified as administratrix of the estate of Chas. W. Watt, late of Allen county, Ohio, deceased.

Dated this 8th day of February, A. D. 1900.

MARTHA E. WATT.
Administratrix.

59 3w.

A RESOLUTION

To Improve East High Street, from Main Street to the East Line of the Right of Way of the Detroit & Lima Northern Railroad Company, by Grading, Draining, Curbing and Paving Same.

Be it resolved by the Council of the City of Lima, as follows:

Section 1. That it is hereby declared necessary to improve east High street, in said city, from the west line of Main street to the east line of the right of way of the Detroit & Lima Northern Railroad Company, by grading, draining curbing and paving same.

Sec. 2. That in the making of said improvement a first-class quality of vitrified paving brick or block shall be used, and that said improvements shall be made in all respects in accordance with the plans, profiles and specifications relating thereto, heretofore adopted and now on file in the office of the City Clerk.

Sec. 3. That all public and private alley crossings shall at the same time be improved in like manner as the balance of said street, from the curb line to the lot line.

Sec. 4. That the cost and expenses of said improvement, (less the cost of improving the public street and public alley intersections, the cost of construction of catch basins and inlets thereto, and two (2) per cent of the total cost, all of which shall be paid by the city), shall be assessed per front foot upon the lots and lands abutting on said improvement, and the assessment, when made, shall be made payable in twenty (20) semi-annual installments, and in anticipation of the collection of such assessments and installments bonds of said city, bearing interest at the rate of three and one-half (3½) per cent. shall be issued, in an amount not exceeding the estimated cost of said improvement. Provided that the number of front feet owned by each of the parties petitioning for said improvement shall be taken to mean the number of feet their respective properties face or bound on that part of said street so to be improved, and provided further that the cost of improving each private alley or private driveway crossing shall be assessed or charged to the party for whose benefit the same is made.

Sec. 5. That E. D. Randall be and hereby is appointed to serve notice of the passage of this resolution, in the manner prescribed by law, upon all the owners of property abutting on said improvement, except those who have signed the petition for said improvement, and who have thereby waived service of such notice.

Adopted February 14, 1900.

J. W. ROWLANDS,
President of the Council.

C. E. LYNCH, City Clerk.

Notice to Bond Buyers.

Sealed bids will be received by the City Clerk of Lima, Ohio, at his office, until 12 o'clock noon of

MONDAY, APRIL 2, 1900,

and opened immediately thereafter, for the purchase of $100,000.00 of 4 per cent. refunding bonds of the City of Lima, Ohio.

Said bonds are issued for the purpose of providing funds for taking up and retiring a like amount of a certain issue of 6 per cent. bonds heretofore legally issued, bearing date of April 1, 1880, and which mature April 1, 1900.

Said refunding bonds are dated April 1, 1900, are in denomination of $1,000 each, and numbered from 1 to 100 inclusive. Interest thereon is payable semi-annually April 1st and October 1st of each year. Principal and interest as same matures being payable at the office of the City Treasurer at Lima, Ohio.

The principal on said bonds becomes due April 1, 1930, but the city reserves the option of paying same on April 1, 1925, or at any interest paying day thereafter and before maturity, by giving at least 60 days written notice to the said City Treasurer of its intention so to do.

Said bonds are issued pursuant to an ordinance of the said city, passed February 19, 1900, and by virtue of Section 2701, Revised Statutes of Ohio.

Delivery of said bonds shall be made and accepted at Lima, Ohio, on April 2, 1900.

Bidders are required, before filing their proposal, to be satisfied as to the legality of the issue, and to file with their bid a certified check on a Lima, Ohio, bank, payable to the City Clerk of said city in sum of five (5) per cent. of the amount of bonds bidden, as a guarantee that if their bid is successful, said bonds will be taken up and paid for at the specified time. Checks of unsuccessful bidders will be returned within three days of the filing of the same.

In case of the refusal or neglect of the successful bidder or bidders to accept and pay for said bonds within the time specified, the amount of the deposit, with his bid, shall be forfeited to and retained by the city as liquidated damages.

All proposals must be made upon forms prepared by the City Clerk, which will be furnished upon application.

No bid for less than par value of said bonds will be considered and the city reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

By order of Council.

C. E. LYNCH,
City Clerk

Lima, Ohio, March 1, 1900.
March 2, frlasat 4w

ATTACHMENT NOTICE.

Heffner & Gauch, a partnership, doing business in Lima, Ohio, Plaintiff, vs. Charles Mauck, Defendant. Before F. E. Dubbeld, J. P., Ottawa Township, Allen County, Ohio. In attachment.

On the first day of March, A. D., 1900, said justice of the peace issued an order of attachment in the above action, for the sum of eleven dollars and ninety-five cents.

HEFFNER & GAUCH.

Lima, Ohio, March 3rd, 1900.

Notice to Printers.

The Board of Deputy State Supervisors of Election for Allen county, Ohio, will let, at the office of the board in the court house,

MARCH 14th, 1900,

at 10 a. m., to the lowest responsible bidder residing in said county, the contract for printing and furnishing the necessary ballots, poll books, tally sheets and other stationery required for the election April 2, 1900.

Said ballots to be put up in pads, with the number required by law for each precinct.

Sealed proposals for the performance of said work will be received until 10 o'clock a. m., March 14th, 1900 and must be accompanied by bond as required by section 2966.

All supplies as above provided shall be delivered to the board not later than 10 o'clock a. m., March 30th, 1900.

M. L. BECKER,
Chief Deputy.

C. H. SONNTAG, Clerk.

21-3t-eod.

Legal Notice.

Willis Copeland, whose place of residence is unknown, will take notice that on the 28th day of February, 1900, the plaintiff, Mattie Copeland filed her petition, case number 7,881 in the Probate Court of Allen County, Ohio, praying for divorce from said on the grounds of wilful absence and that said cause will be for hearing on and after the 9th day of April, 1900.

MATTIE COPELAND,
By John H. Klatte, Plaintiff's Attorney.

Notice of Appointment.

Estate of William M. Bell, deceased. The undersigned has been appointed and qualified as executor of the estate of William Bell, late of Allen County, Ohio, deceased.

Dated this 3rd day of March, A. D. 1900.

F. M. BELL, Executor.

-3wks

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Cafe Cars, Parlor Cars, Observation, Compartment and Pullman Standard Sleepers.

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MEXICO
CALIFORNIA.

Any Agent or Representative of the C. H. & D. will be pleased to furnish information, or address

D. G. EDWARDS,
Passenger Traffic Manager,
Cincinnati, O.

METROPOLITAN

Barber Shop and Bath Room

Have been reopened by BANEY & SHEPHERD.

New enameled roll iron tubs, everything neat, new and clean. Call for a smooth shave or a clean bath.

BASEMENT METROPOLITAN BLOCK.

J. E. WARNER,

REAL ESTATE AND LOAN BROKER.

Oil Production and Leases a Specialty.
List your property with me.
Commission reasonable.

Room 19 Opera House Block
Lima, Ohio

MONEY TO LOAN.

We have a large sum of money to loan on city property and improved farm lands at the VERY LOWEST RATE OF INTEREST with the privilege of paying part or all at any interest paying day. Persons wishing CHEAP MONEY and on SHORT NOTICE will find it will be to their interest to call.

C. H. FOLSOM,
Real Estate and Loan Broker, Rooms 7 and 8 Holmes Block.

NO. 54.

East Side Public Square.

FIRST CLASS BARBER SHOP

Ladies' and Children's Hair Cutting done to order. Special room for ladies hair dressing. A. G. LUTZ, Proprietor.

RELIABLE
DON'T NEGLECT YOUR LITTLE ILLS
MASONS HEALTH DEFENDERS
ARE EQUAL TO THE EMERGENCY
FREE FROM CALOMEL, OPIUM & ALOES
YELLOW TABLETS CURE DYSPEPSIA
BROWN " " CONSTIPATION
RED " " COUGHS
WHITE " " SORE THROAT
40 TABLETS 10 CENTS
FOR SALE BY DRUGGISTS OR MAILED ON PRICE
H. T. MASON CHEMICAL CO. 515 ARCH ST. PHILA. PA.
EFFECTIVE

BRINGS BACK THE LUSTRE
MAKES OLD LOOK NEW
Monarch Polish
For Furniture, Pianos, Tiling, Hardwood Finish
For sale by all Dealers
BAIRD BROS. & CO. CLEVELAND, O.

Others Than Heaven Could Lie.

His heroine (watching their sleeping son and heir)—How true it is that "heaven lies about us in our infancy." Her cold-blooded husband—Yes, and somebody else keeps it up afterward.

A Fiendish Attack.

An attack was lately made on C. F. Collier of Cherokee, Iowa, that nearly proved fatal. It came through his kidneys. His back got so lame he could not stoop without great pain, nor sit in a chair except propped by cushions. No remedy helped him until he tried Electric Bitters which effected such a wonderful change that he writes he feels like a new man. This marvelous medicine cures backache and kidney trouble, purifies the blood and builds up your health. Only 50c at H. F. Vortkamp's drug store, corner North and Main Sts.

England's Barmaids.

In England there are 70,000 girls engaged in public houses and drinking bars.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
The Kind You Have Always Bought

A Definition.

He—What is a flirtation? She—Attention without intention.—Chicago News.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
The Kind You Have Always Bought

WALL PAPER!

For thirty days, we offer at special sale full length roll of Wall Paper, at 3 cents a roll and up. We have the largest and best line in the city. Every factory in America represented.

Don't fail to give us a call.

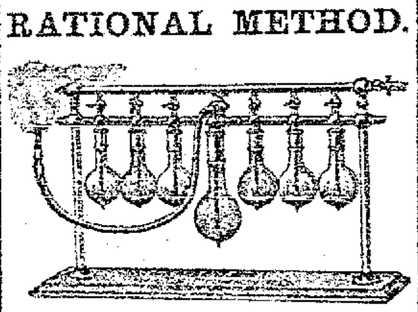
CITY BOOK STORE,
WOOLERY & RAMSEYER PROP'S,
BOTH 'PHONES. 3m da-wk

Catarrhal Diseases

PERMANENTLY CURRED

—BY A—

RATIONAL METHOD.



The New Treatment that Cures by Destroying the Germs that Produce Catarrh.

CATARRH

Is a disease from which almost ever possible malady may spring, as Bronchitis, Asthma, Deafness, Consumption, Stomach Disorder, etc. Catarrh has been considered incurable because it has not been understood.

DYSPEPSIA.

After Catarrh once gets into the stomach, dyspepsia soon follows, with Liver, Bowel, Heart and Kidney troubles

CONSUMPTION.

Catarrh also extends down the Bronchial tubes, causing Bronchitis, Asthma and finally, on reaching the lung tissue, Consumption quickly develops. All these troubles can be cured if taken in time by removing the cause, which is Catarrh.

NERVOUS DEBILITY.

A catarrhal affection of the Kidneys and Urinary organs many times results in nervous debility, which wrecks the health of so many STRONG YOUNG MEN.

Dr. Stockdale cures these diseases and restores all diseased organs to a normal condition.

Consultation and TRIAL TREATMENT FREE to all who apply at office.

Hours: 9 to 11 a. m., 2 to 5 and 7 to 8 p. m. Sundays: 10 to 12 m.

B. A. Stockdale, M. D.,

Rooms 5 and 6 Opera House Blk,

LIMA, O.

New 'Phone 345.

WALL PAPER

Way down this year and with our 15 days special sale you can buy paper from

3 Cents a Roll

To as high as you care to go. You cannot afford to miss this opportunity. We have the cream of 12 mills and 20 patterns to select from. All new goods and up-to-date colorings, at

R. E. OGDENS,

126 S. CENTRAL AVE.,
Bell 'Phone 339. c-86 tue-thu-sat

FOR SALE!

Nursery Stock of all kinds. Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Flowers, etc. We guarantee all stock for 3 years. drop us a card and we will call for your order. Address,

M. O. RESLER,

d&w2-14tf 158 S. Pine St.

MONEY TO LOAN

At 5 to 6 per cent. on FARM LANDS OR CITY PROPERTY centrally located. Long time, with privilege of paying part or all on any interest day. LOANS MADE AT ONCE. Call on us when you want money at a low rate of interest, easy terms, and without delay.

THE LIMA MORTGAGE LOAN CO.,
Rooms 1 and 2, Metropolitan Block, Lima, O.
D. O. Henderson, attorney d&w-tf

An Apt Comparison.

A 4-year-old Prospect street boy has a strong talent along the line of comparisons. He is a bright little fellow and learns rapidly. His parents, however, are not at all anxious to push him forward, and have made no effort to teach him the names of the letters of the alphabet, something in which he is much interested.

The other day he brought a book to his father and pointed to a capital "B."

"I know what letter that is," he said.

"Well, what is it?"

The little fellow looked at it sharply, tracing its shape with a chubby forefinger.

"I guess it's the letter wiz two tummies."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

BURGHERS GOT AWAY.

They Made No Stand Against Roberts' Overwhelming Force.

TWICE REPULSED FRENCH'S TROOPS.

Garrison at Mafeking Thought to Be on Its Last Legs and No Relief Is In Sight—Latest War Intelligence.

London, March 9.—The Boers appear to have made no stand whatever, except that while in retreat they twice repulsed General French's cavalry with rifle fire. As no report has been made of the capture of prisoners, the enemy probably got away with their entire force. General French is still following them and keeping between them and Bloemfontein. The evacuation of the northern districts of Cape Colony is now nearly complete. The British are in possession of the railroad crossings.

The military critics comment on the discouraging news from Mafeking. Colonel Baden-Powell seems to be in a grave need of outside help. Otherwise he would not allow the correspondents to send out information respecting the distress of the garrison.

A readjustment of some of the higher commands is taking place. General White is to go to Stormberg to take supreme command of General Gatacre's division and the Tenth division, now in process of formation, will be under the immediate command of General Hunter, Sir George White's chief of staff.

Spenser Wilkinson, commenting in the Morning Post upon the "difficulty in quite understanding Lord Roberts' operations in detail," says: "Probably Lord Roberts intends to strike the railway some distance north of Bloemfontein, compelling the retreating Boers to make their way north by a circuitous route, and they may after all be intercepted. The government should be warned by his dispatches of the urgency of sending remounts. The news from Mafeking makes one wonder as to its chances of relief, for even with a mounted force Mafeking is three weeks' march from Kimberley."

The Daily News makes the following editorial announcement: "It was rumored in London—and we have some reason for believing the rumor to be correct—that the two republics made informal and unofficial overtures of peace on the preceding day. Unfortunately the conditions suggested were of such a character as to preclude the possibility of leading to any result."

Boers Got Away.

Osfontein, March 9.—Lord Roberts' movement again thoroughly surprised, outwitted and outmaneuvered the Boers, who fled almost without firing a shot. Every movement of the plan of battle was admirably executed and entirely successful. The Boers were surprised as was evident from the state of the deserted camps. Twice the British cavalry was almost in a position to charge, but they admit that they were foiled by the maneuvering of the Boers. When last seen, General French was pursuing the enemy vigorously. He was between them and Bloemfontein, about 11 miles from the right wing. The Boers' numbers, it is estimated, reach 14,000.

Why the Move Failed.

London, March 9.—The Standard publishes the following dispatch from Poplar Grove: "The movements of Roberts' mounted men were somewhat too rapid for the supporting infantry, and as a result the Boer position was turned before the main body could strike effectively. The Boers fell back precipitately and extending to the southeast, they checked the advance of the British cavalry with a heavy rifle fire at 800 yards range. Accordingly General French moved southward and outflanked them again, but the Boers repeated their tactics."

Kruger's Faith.

Bloemfontein, March 9.—President Kruger in an address here Wednesday, said: "Although God is testing our people, my personal opinion is that the limit of the test is nearly reached. If the people are sustained by faith in the time of adversity, God will soon again turn the tide in our favor. If we have a strong faith in God he will surely deliver us. The God of deliverance of the olden time is the same God now."

Boer Appointments.

Boer Camp, Biggarsberg, March 9.—At a general council of war, Louis Botha was appointed lieutenant general for Natal and Lukas Meyer, Schalkburger, David Joubert, Daniel Erasmas and J. Fourc were appointed major generals.

A British Defeat.

Pretoria, March 9.—It is officially stated here that on Sunday last there was heavy fighting at Dordrecht, that the British were repulsed with great loss and that the federals captured three cannon.

American Sentenced.

Kimberley, March 9.—Benjamin Silpont, born in Russia and alleged to be an American, has been sentenced to three years' imprisonment at hard labor for signalling to the enemy during the siege.

Burghers Entrenching.

Ladysmith, March 9.—The Boers are entrenching at Biggarsburg. The scouts report that all the Natal Dutch farmers have fled from the surrounding country.

IN A SMALL RIOT

Culminate the Labor Troubles In the Western Metropolis.

Chicago, March 9.—Labor troubles culminated in a riot at Thirty-sixth and Wallace streets. One man was shot and probably fatally wounded and six others were injured. William Schindler was shot in the breast and seriously wounded by Joseph Walsh, and will die. For some time the strikers have followed Walsh and others every night when they left the shop, and have threatened to kill them. Thursday night somebody threw a club at Walsh, striking him in the back of the head. He accused Schindler, and when the latter denied it a general fight followed. A crowd of strikers gathered around and Walsh, believing his life was in danger, shot Schindler, a bystander, in the breast. Police quelled the riot.

Clayton-Bulwer Treaty.

Washington, March 9.—Senator Mason introduced in the senate a resolution calling upon the state department for all the correspondence between the governments of the United States and Great Britain relating to the Isthmian canal, authorized by the late Secretary J. G. Blaine, and also a "chronological recapitulation of the contention made by the various secretaries of state since the signing of the Clayton-Bulwer treaty as to the validity of this treaty, the replies by the government of Great Britain and the violations of the terms of the part of Great Britain which have been held by the government of the United States to have operated as an abrogation of the treaty."

Sensational Arrest.

Columbia, Ga., March 9.—A sensation has been caused here by the rearrest of Mrs. Belle Graddick, a handsome young woman, on the charge of poisoning her husband, who died Feb. 10. The coroner's jury, at the time of Mr. Griddick's death, had the wife and a young man named Eldridge Dawkins, arrested, but the two were leased subsequently on a technicality. It was thought that the affair had ended, but Coroner Green and the police persisted in an investigation. The contents of Graddick's stomach were analyzed and the chemist certified that it contained enough arsenic to cause death.

Corporations Victorious.

Austin, Tex., March 9.—The corporations of Texas won a big fight in the courts here in securing from Judge Morris an opinion throwing out of court the hundreds of franchise tax suits pending against all quasi public corporations for taxes claimed to be due on their franchises. The contention was that such franchises were taxable, the same as personal or real property. Judge Morris, the presiding judge, held that such franchises were in no wise taxable under the law.

Queen and the Shamrock.

London, March 9.—The English press still continues to point to the great significance of the queen's proposed visit to Ireland and her order in regard to the soldiers wearing the shamrock on St. Patrick's day. Dublin newspapers assert that a chilling but respectful reception awaits her majesty in Ireland. The queen's visit to London was a memorable event, the whole city paying homage to the more than pleased monarch.

Resolution Blocked.

Frankfort, Ky., March 9.—A resolution authorizing an expenditure for the arming of a new state guard and recovering from Republican Governor Taylor the arms removed from Frankfort to London, was defeated in the senate. Four Democratic senators—Roberts, Puryear, Jones and McConnell—voted against it. The vote stood: Yeas 15, nays 4. It requires 19 votes to pass a bill.

Will Go to Cuba.

Washington, March 9.—The congressional committees on Cuban and Porto Rican affairs will go to Cuba early next week. The United States steamship Dolphin will take the senators and representatives on board at some convenient southern point, and after going to Havana will make a circuit of Cuba, touching at the principal ports.

Preferred Death.

Helena, Mont., March 9.—Fuller E. Brown, 38, committed suicide in the city jail by dashing his brains out upon the cement floor. He was to have been arraigned for forgery, but when summoned by an officer jumped headforemost from the upper tier of cells. He came to Montana from Kansas.

Premier's Threat.

Winnipeg, March 9.—The Conservative organizer, Hastings, declares that if Davidson, the provincial treasurer, is defeated in the Beautiful Plains election on Saturday, Premier MacDonald will advise the dissolution of parliament and make an appeal to the whole province.

No Hope For Phelps.

New Haven, Conn., March 9.—Ex-Minister Phelps remains in about the same condition. He is very weak and is gradually, though not rapidly, failing. The physicians hold out no hope whatever for recovery.

Turf Winners.

At New Orleans—Jim Gore II, Avalar, Nailer, Strangest, Irma, Grace Phillips.

At San Francisco — Esplrande, Intrade, Tekla, None Such, Toribio, Castake.

The Weather.

For Ohio, Kentucky and West Virginia—Fair and warmer; south winds.

For Indiana—Fair and colder; northerly winds.

PORTO RICO CONDITIONS

Favorable Impressions of the Island and Its People.

FRIENDLINESS OF THE NATIVES.

Strong Feeling Among the Young Men to Become "Americanos"—Capital, Direction and Intelligence Needed to Develop the Island's Industries—Interesting Picture of San Juan City.

From whatever point of view the city of San Juan, Porto Rico, is seen it is like an elaborate stage picture. The houses as well as the fortifications, government buildings, etc., rise in tiers one behind another, and the embrasures for the guns, the parapets and the Moorish towers here and there add to the effect. All the buildings are of brightly painted stone or brick, with marble tiled floors and stairs with iron railings. The interior partitions and roofs are also of masonry, so that the town practically is incombustible and needs no fire department. This applies to the poorest quarters of the city as well as to the best, and the only exceptions are a few detached wooden houses and the negroes' huts at the south end. Looking out from the city in any direction the same suggestion of stage scenery strikes one. The blue waters of the ocean on the one side and the bay on the other, with the wooded plains and the hills and mountains rising in the distance and the clear atmosphere bringing everything apparently into such range, heighten the theatrical appearance. The views in every direction are beautiful. Walking through the city one is struck with the smooth, clean, brick paved narrow streets with their overhanging piazzas, the arched entrances to the buildings and the well stocked, busy and businesslike stores.

We read of the dirt and poverty of Cuba, but nothing of the sort is apparent here, writes a San Juan correspondent of the New York Sun. The people of all sorts and conditions look well, are dressed cleanly and brightly and there are no dirty children or ragged negroes in any quarter such as we see in our own southern cities. In a week's walking through all parts I have not seen a beggar or any one who looked as if he did not have enough to eat. Neither have I seen an intoxicated person, though cafes and "American bars" are plentiful and native rum is cheap.

The American soldiers here are allowed to have almost every liberty, and are to be met with everywhere and are in appearance, manner and action a credit to their country and to their officers. They have very little to do, as the entire population is peaceable and friendly and satisfied to be "Americanos." This feeling is especially strong among the young men and the rising generation of both sexes from appearances will be as enthusiastic Yankees as our boys and girls in the States. The fact that there are less than 2,000 United States troops on the entire island, with close to 1,000,000 population, shows the friendliness of the Porto Ricans.

As regards comfort in living, of course, it is warm, but there is a refreshing breeze from the ocean or the mountains almost always and with the proper clothing one can be comfortable. We have good drinking water and there are four ice factories and a fifth is being built. Nearly everything in the way of food supplies that can be obtained in New York is obtainable here, and many fruits, etc., in addition. The New Yorker feels the need of American cookery. Though there are some "American" hotels here, so called, grease and onions are still too conspicuous.

The beef and milk cattle are of the best, fat and sleek as anywhere, but American ways of killing and dressing the beef would be a big improvement. Fish are excellent and plenty. There is no game worth speaking of, but neither are there poisonous snakes or insects, so we won't grumble at that. Of course we have summer vegetables, beans, tomatoes, lettuce, etc., all the time, winter and summer.

With free trade and the general position of equality with the states that Porto Rico is entitled to as American territory, there will be an influx of American capital and enterprise that will, before many years, make this one of our states to be proud of. Labor is cheap, industrious and abundant. Capital and direction are what is needed. Sugar, coffee, tobacco and oranges are the crops to raise, and the soil and the workers are here. Money and intelligence are needed particularly in the development of the tobacco and fruit industry. There is a great future for both of these crops here. Tobacco is good now, but with improved handling and curing will equal almost any Havana. Oranges and pineapples of the best variety flourish in all parts of the island, and before long their production in large quantities for the states will be among the American enterprises here. Sugar and coffee have first place with the Porto Rican agriculturists and will probably always be their staple crops.

Convenient For Carrying Stamps.

The postoffice department at Washington announces that on May 1 postmasters will be supplied with small books containing 2 cent stamps interleaved with paraffin paper. Two stamps will be in blocks of six to a page, making a book of convenient size to carry in a pocket or purse, says the New York Tribune. Three sizes will be issued, holding 12, 24 and 48 stamps each, for which an increase of 1 cent over the value of the stamps will be charged, the books selling at 25, 49 and 97 cents respectively.

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Are attractive because of their many good qualities; made of good weight taffeta, soft and pliable; made by makers of renown whose styles are pronounced correct......

Colored taffeta waist—French back flaring cuffs Price $3.25.

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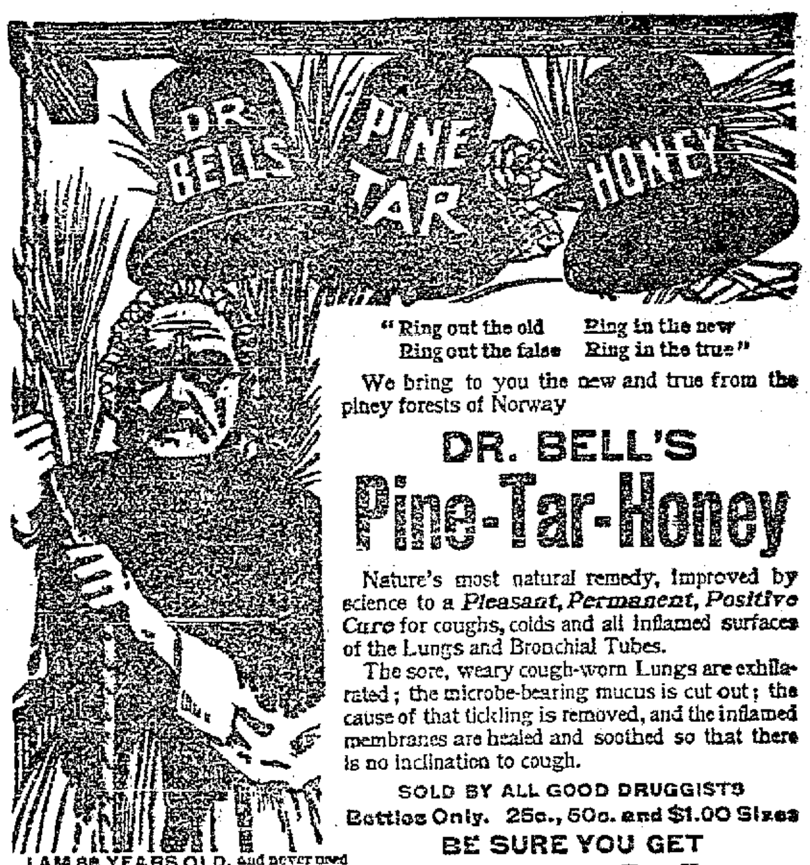

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Ring out the false Ring in the true"

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Pine-Tar-Honey

Nature's most natural remedy, improved by science to a *Pleasant, Permanent, Positive Cure* for coughs, colds and all inflamed surfaces of the Lungs and Bronchial Tubes.

The sore, weary cough-worn Lungs are exhilarated; the microbe-bearing mucus is cut out; the cause of that tickling is removed, and the inflamed membranes are healed and soothed so that there is no inclination to cough.

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I AM 86 YEARS OLD, and never used any remedy equal to Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey. It gives quick and permanent relief in grip as well as coughs and colds. It makes weak lungs strong.—Mrs. M. A. Metcalfe, Paducah, Ky.

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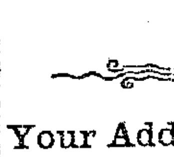

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Organ of the Democracy of Lima and Allen County.

Issued Every Evening Except Sunday.

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The Times-Democrat prints daily the regular telegraphic report of the Associate Press.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

COUNTY SURVEYOR.

J. C. CRONLEY will be a candidate for re-nomination to the office of COUNTY SURVEYOR on the Democratic ticket, subject to the decision of the Democratic primaries, April 2nd, 1900.

We are authorized to announce the name of C. S. CRAIG, as a candidate for COUNTY SURVEYOR, subject to the decision of the Democratic Primaries, April 2nd, 1900.

We are requested to announce the name of WILBUR HICKETT of Bath Township as candidate for SURVEYOR, subject to decision of Democratic primaries, April 2nd, 1900.

COMMISSIONER.

We are authorized to announce the name of GEORGE D. KANAWL as a candidate for nomination for COMMISSIONER of Allen county, for second term subject to the decision of the Democratic county primary.

INFIRMARY DIRECTOR.

We are authorized to announce the name of I. B. STEMEN, of Sugar Creek township, as candidate for nomination for INFIRMARY DIRECTOR, for second term, subject to the decision of the Democratic primary election.

CONSTABLE.

We are authorized to announce the name of T. A. THARP, of the First ward as a candidate for CONSTABLE, subject to the decision of the Democrats at their primary election.

We are authorized to announce the name of W. F. BAKER as candidate for CONSTABLE of Ottawa township, subject to the decision of the Democratic primary election.

We are authorized to announce the name of THOMAS DALEY, of the First ward, as a candidate for CONSTABLE, subject to the decision of the Democratic primary.

We are authorized to announce the name of JOHN LAWLOR as a candidate for CONSTABLE of Ottawa township, subject to the Democratic primary election.

We are authorized to announce to name of GUS MOX as a candidate for nomination for CONSTABLE, subject to the Democratic Primary.

COUNCILMAN.

Please announce the name of P. J. SCULLY as candidate for MEMBER OF COUNCIL from the First Ward, subject to the decision of the Democratic primary election.
MANY VOTERS.

We are authorized to announce the name of J. F. McDONALD as a candidate for re-election as COUNCILMAN from the First Ward, Lima, subject to the decision of the Democratic primary election.

Please announce the name of JEROME SHINE as a candidate for COUNCILMAN from the Second ward, subject to the decision of the Democratic primary election.

We are authorized to announce the name of J. M. ARNDT, as candidate for MEMBER OF COUNCIL from the Second ward, subject to the decision of the Democratic primary election.

Please announce the name of JACOB J. HAESE as a candidate for COUNCILMAN from the Second ward, subject to the decision of the Democratic primary election.

We are authorized to announce the name of J. W. HARMON, as candidate for nomination for MEMBER OF COUNCIL from the Second ward, Lima, subject to the decision of the Democratic primary election.

We are authorized to announce the name of CLOYD J. BROTHERTON as candidate for COUNCILMAN from the Third ward, Lima, subject to the decision of the Democratic primary election.

We are authorized to announce the name of ROBERT REESE, as a candidate for MEMBER OF COUNCIL from the Fourth ward, Lima, subject to the decision of the Democratic primary.

We are authorized to announce the name of I. B. LOMISON as a candidate for member of the city COUNCIL from the Fourth ward, subject to the decision of the Democratic primary.

We are authorized to announce the name of W. A. CARY as a candidate for MEMBER OF COUNCIL from the Fifth ward, Lima, subject to the decision of the Democratic primary.

At the solicition of his many friends, MICHAEL O'NEILL hereby announces his name as a candidate for COUNCILMAN from the 7th ward, subject to the decision of the Democratic primary election.

We are authorized to announce the name of ALBERT J. SIMONS as candidate for nomination for MEMBER OF COUNCIL from the Seventh ward, subject to the decision of the Democratic primary election.

CITY SOLICITOR.

We are authorized to announce the name of KENT W. HUGHES, as a candidate for SOLICITOR, subject to the Democratic Primary.

We are authorized to announce the name of attorney W. T. COPELAND as a candidate for the office of CITY SOLICITOR, subject to the decision of the Democratic primary.

STREET COMMISSIONER.

At the request of very many friends, I, THOMAS McGRATH, of north West street, Lima, O., hereby announce my name as a candidate for STREET COMMISSIONER, subject to the decision of the Democratic primary at the sping election.
THOS. McGRATH.

We are requested to announce the name of WILLIAM L. CROSSON as a candidate for the office of STREET COMMISSIONER, subject to the decision of the Democratic primary.

At the solicitation of his many friends I. A. SHALLEY announces his name as a candidate for STREET COMMISSIONER, subject to the decision of the Democratic primary election.

We are requested to announce the name of JOSEPH E. DEVOE as a candidate for STREET COMMISSIONER, subject to the decision of the Republican primary.

We are authorized to announce the name of [illegible] O'BRIEN as a candidate for STREET COMMISSIONER subject to the decision of the Democratic Primary.

We are authorized to announce the name of C. W. JOHNS as candidate for second term for STREET COMMISSIONER, subject to the decision of the Democratic primary election.

We are authorized to announce the name of [illegible] as a candidate for for STREET COMMISSIONER subject to the decision of the Democratic primary election.

We are authorized to announce the name of [illegible] as a candidate for STREET COMMISSIONER, subject to the decision of the Democratic primary.

MAYOR.

We are authorized to announce the name of [illegible] HUTCHISON, as a candidate for MAYOR, subject to the decision of the Democrats of Lima at the primary election.

Kindly announce my name as a candidate for the office of MAYOR, subject to the decision of the Democratic primary.
PETER LAUGHLIN.

MEMBER SCHOOL BOARD.

We are authorized to announce the name of FRANK KLATTE as a candidate for member of BOARD OF EDUCATION from the Second ward, subject to the decision of the Democratic primary election.

GRANT M SPRAGUE will be a candidate in the Democratic primary of the Sixth Ward, for second term in the SCHOOL BOARD.

We are authorized to announce the name of J. O. OHLER, as a candidate for nomination for member of the SCHOOL BOARD from the 6th ward.

We are authorized to announce the name of J. B. LEASURE as a candidate for nomination for member of BOARD OF EDUCATION from the Second ward, subject to the decision of the Democracy at the primary election.

We are authorized to announce the name of D. CRAMER as a candidate for renomination for a second term as a member o the SCHOOL BOARD, from the Fourth ward; subject to the Democratic primaries.

We are authorized to announce the name of AMOS YOUNG as a candidate for member of SCHOOL BOARD from the Sixth ward, subject to the decision of Democratic primary election.

We are authorized to announce the name of A. WEIXELBAUM as a candidate for MEMBER OF SCHOOL BOARD from the Sixth ward, subject to the decision of the Democratic primary.

WATER WORKS TRUSTEE.

LIMA, O., Feb. 19th, 1900.

Please announce the name of W. B. CRAIG, of 640 south West street, Fifth ward, as a candidate for WATER WORKS TRUSTEE, subject to the Democrotic primory.

We are requested by the many Democratic friends of THOS. FITZGERALD, to announce his name as a candidate for WATER WORKS TRUSTEE, subject to the decision of the Democratic primary.

We are authorized to annouce the name of J. D. S. NEELY as a candidate for WATER WORKS TRUSTEE, subject to the decision of the Democratic primary.

We are authorized to announce the name of D. C. RICHMOND as a candidate for nomination for WATER WORKS TRUSTEE, subject to the decision of the Republican primary convention.

We are authorized to announce the name of JOHN THOMSON, of the firm of Thomson & Sons, as a candidate for WATER WORKS TRUSTEE, subject to the decision of the Democratic primary election.

CITY CIVIL ENGINEER.

We are authorized to announce the name of J. C. McCULLOUGH, as a candidate for nomination for CITY CIVIL ENGINEER, objects to the decision of the Democractic primary election.

ASSESSOR.

We are authorized to announce the name of LAURENT FERKEL as candidate for ASSESSOR from the Second ward, subject to the decision of the Democratic primary election.

We are authorized to announce the name of THOMAS SHAUNNESSY, as a candidate for second term for ASSESSOR in the Second ward, subject to the decision of the Democratic primary election.

DEMOCRATIC CONGRESSIONAL CONVENTION.

The Democrats of the 4th congressional district of Ohio, will meet in convention at Sidney, Ohio, Wednesday, March 28th, 1900, at 10 o'clock a. m., for placing in nomination candidate for congress from said 4th congressional district, and one presidential elector to be voted for at the general election, November 6, 1900; and also selecting two delegates and two alternates to the Democratic national convention, to be held at Kansas City, July 4th, 1900.

The basis of representation in the convention will be one delegate for every one hundred votes cast for the Hon. John R. McLain for governor in 1899, and one delegate for every fraction of fifty or over.

Under the apportionment the several counties will be entitled to representation as follows:

Allen county votes cast,	4564.	Delegates. 46
Auglaize " " "	4010.	" 40
Darke " " "	5628.	" 56
Mercer " " "	3987.	" 40
Shelby " " "	3595.	" 36
Total		218
Necessary to choice		110

By order of Democratic district committee, 4th congressional district, Ohio. D. A. CLARK, Chairman.
GEO. W. SIGAFOOS, Sec'y.

DEMOCRATIC CITY PRIMARY ELECTION.

The qualified voters of the Democratic party of the City of Lima, Allen county, Ohio, are hereby notified to assemble at the places hereinafter named on

THURSDAY, MARCH 15th, A. D. 1900,

and then and there vote by ballot for a nominee for each of the following officers to be elected at the April election, A. D. 1900:

One candidate for Mayor.
One candidate for City Solicitor.
One candidate for Constable.

Two candidates for Water Works Trustees; one to serve the unexpired term of William Pugh, deceased, and the other for the regular term. The one receiving the most votes at said primary to be the nominee for regular term, the one receiving the next highest number of votes to be the nominee for said unexpired term.

One candidate for Councilman in each of the several wards.

One candidate for Assessor in each of the several wards.

One candidate for Member of School Board to serve for two years from the Second, Fourth and Sixth wards.

The following rules have been adopted by the City Central Committee of Lima, Ohio, for conducting said primary election:

First. The said primary election shall be held in each of the several wards in the following places:

First Ward.—At the usual place back of Stumps grocery.

Second Ward.—Adams Hotel, corner of Union and Wayne streets.

Third Ward.—Sherman House, corner of High and Union streets.

Fourth Ward.—Precincts A and C, Hose House, east Kibby street.

Fourth Ward.—Precinct B, Morris shoe shop, Main street, south of Vine street.

Fifth Ward.—Banks' barber shop, Main street.

Sixth Ward.—Fire Department, City Building.

Seventh Ward.—Court House Basement.

Second. Said primary election shall be held on the 15th day of March, A. D. 1900, between the hours of two o'clock p. m. and eight o'clock p. m., standard time.

Third. The Committeemen from each ward may act as judge, or shall select a judge and clerks to assist in said election, and in case of failure or neglect on the part of such Committeeman to so appoint, it shall be the duty of the Chairman of the City Democrat Committee to make such appointments. Before entering the discharge of their duties such clerks and judges shall be duly qualified that they will correctly and faithfully conduct such election, protect it against fraud and unfairness, and carefully and truly canvas all votes cast thereat, by the rules and regulations adopted by the committee. The oath of office shall be administered by some officer duly authorized to administer oaths. The same shall be attached to and made a part of the returns. In case of any doubt or dispute of such returns, the committee shall canvas and declare the result.

Fourth. The following shall be deemed qualified to vote at said election. (1) All those who are known to be Democrats. (2) All those not known to be Democrats who shall state under oath that they voted the Democratic state ticket at the preceding state election. (3) All those who are not voters who will cast their first vote at the coming April election, who will pledge themselves to vote the entire Democratic ticket. (4) All Democrats who are entitled to vote at the election of Members of School Board shall be entitled to vote for the nomination of such members at said primary election.

Fifth. Qualified voters shall vote at the ward in which they have legal residence.

Sixth. The judges and clerks shall keep a correct poll book for said primary election, and a separate poll book for the nominations of members of school board, in the wards in which such members are to be nominated at said primary, in each of which shall be recorded the names of every person voting thereon respectively, at said election, and they shall immediately after the close proceed to count the ballots cast for such candidate, which tally sheets and poll books shall be signed and sealed up with the ballots cast at said election and the same shall be immediately delivered to the Chairman of the Democratic City Central Committee at the Assembly Room of the Court House where the result will be made known. Any candidates upon said ticket may be present at the count of said votes either in person or by one Democratic representative whom he shall empower therefor in writing.

Seventh. The Central Committee will have sufficient number of tickets printed and delivered to the Committeeman of each voting precinct. No candidate is allowed to have any tickets printed and no tickets shall be used except such as are authorized by said Central Committee.

Eighth. The candidates must pay the assessment to Mr. J. D. Armstrong, secretary of said Committee, at his office in the Harper Block, on or before six o'clock p. m. of Tuesday, March 13th, 1900, or their names will not appear on the primary ticket.

The above and foregoing was adopted by the City Democratic Committee of Lima, Ohio, at a meeting held March 8th, 1900.

WALTER B. RICHIE, Chairman.
J. D. ARMSTRONG, Sec'y.

Notice.

For Rent—Fair ground. Sealed bids will be received up to March 15, 1900, for rent of fair ground. All bids must be mailed or handed to the undersigned, marked "Sealed Bid."

T. B. BOWERSOCK, Sec'y.
3-3t

Ladies, clean your kid gloves with LaBelle glove cleaner; for sale only by Mrs. F. Light, headquarters for kid gloves and sole agent for the famous Voltaire and Melrose gloves in all the leading shades. Gloves fitted and warranted. 5-tf

A Whole Band in Blazier's Ear.

High Bridge (Penn.) Cor. Philadelphia Times: The hearing of Charles Blazier, a farmer living near High Bridge, who has been deaf for months, has been restored. Last summer Blazier lay down upon the grass to take a nap. When he awoke he heard all kinds of noises in his head. There were indications of a newly organized country band, a boiler factory, horse fiddle and many other instruments, the sounds from which were too peculiar to place. He experienced this unsought-for almost a fortnight and then all was quiet, but his hearing began failing him. Physicians were unable to ascertain the trouble. Blazier became deafer and deafer until he could scarcely hear anything. A day or two ago Blazier called upon Dr. Knight, of Clinton, who removed a large cricket from his ear. The cricket was dead and was flattened out as thin as paper. His hearing began to return as soon as it was removed and now it has been fairly restored.

THE "ROBBERS' ROOST"

New Jersey the Home of the Trust System.

GROWTH IN POWER TERRIFYING.

In One Year Trusts Have Been Licensed to the Extent of $2,500,000,000—Channels of Opportunity to the Young Closed—Have Become More Powerful Than the Government.

There is something terrifying in the power which the trust system has suddenly developed under the protection of the McKinley-Hanna administration. It seems almost incredible, yet the official figures show that the trusts incorporated in the state of New Jersey in one year have an aggregate capital of $2,446,500,000, says James Creelman in the New York Journal.

Try to grasp that with your mind—$2,446,500,000, the record of one state for one year—and remember that this does not take any account of incorporated companies whose capital is less than $3,000,000.

This state of New Jersey, which has in one year licensed trusts to the extent of nearly $2,500,000,000, is the home of Mr. Griggs, the attorney general of the United States. He was chosen because he was a friend and defender of the trust system.

Is it any matter for wonder that Mr. Griggs refuses to enforce the antitrust law, which the supreme court only two years ago declared to be constitutional and necessary for the interests of the nation?

Two billions and a half—in one state, in one year! This is the "robbers' roost" denounced by Mr. Bryan.

Until The Journal sent to Trenton and had the figures copied from the state records there was no suspicion in the public mind that the trust system had grown in one place to such astounding proportions. This swift concentration of the powers of monopoly represents a strangling process that is crushing thousands and thousands of small but independent business men and manufacturers out of trade. It is converting the American people into a nation of hired agents and clerks, with no hope of independence left.

Attorney General Griggs, who laughs at the antitrust law, boasted publicly only a few days ago that his state had made it easy for the trusts to exist. And an audience of trust owners applauded him.

If there is a man in the United States who has any doubt that the trust system is closing all channels of opportunity to the young men of the country, I address myself to that man. Let him read the figures from the official records of New Jersey and earnestly try to understand what they mean.

There is no serious war against rich men in America. No man worth listening to objects to the trusts because the organizers of trusts are making large profits. No one proposes a war against legitimate corporations. But the law denounces monopoly in trade or industry as a crime, and that law is a mockery because the trusts have become more powerful than the government.

Today this hitherto unheard of and undreamed of industrial despotism is intrenched behind a government of its own making. Every agency of the federal administration, from the president and attorney general down to the humblest law officer, is trained to encourage and strengthen the trusts. Senator Hanna, chairman of the Republican national committee and spokesman of President McKinley, has declared again and again that "trusts should be let alone." And the cumillioned system pours money into Mr. Hanna's campaign fund to keep President McKinley and Attorney General Griggs in office.

What chance has a young man in America to become independent? What is to become of the young man? The trusts are absolutely destroying all opportunity for competition. They say to the young man of brains and ambition, "You shall not engage in business save as employees." When Mr. Rockefeller and Mr. Havemeyer and Mr. Carnegie began life, there were no trusts to strangle their ambitions and limit their opportunities.

Twenty years ago the field was free to all. A man who had brains, application and courage could rise in any branch of commerce or industry and become independent. That was true 20 years ago. Is it true now? The trust organizers, having had full opportunities to compete in their own day, are now shutting the door upon all others.

What will the situation be ten years from now or even five years from now? Can any man who has children contemplate the future without dread? If the trusts organized in New Jersey last year have a capital of $2,500,000,000, what will their power be when the boy of today is a man?

The most important point to understand is that this overwhelming concentration is a new thing; that this swift, noiseless change has been made chiefly since President McKinley's election and that it is doubling and tripling every few months. The great railway systems are being bought up and consolidated, and an attempt is being made to make a single system from the Atlantic to the Pacific, which will destroy all hope of competition.

The whole anthracite coal supply of the United States is controlled arbitrarily by four railroads, dominated by four men, who in turn are dominated by one man. Thus the price of coal and the amount to be mined each year are fixed, and the public must submit. Competition is out of the question.

The factories of all the large industries are being rapidly bought up or forced out of business. And as these gigantic, all corrupting systems gain in power they absolutely kill competition. No man may hope to engage in the business they control. All this is new to America. It is new to the whole world.

It is a form of tyranny more terrible than monarchy. It can crush and destroy whom it chooses. It can create famines. It can make laws and break them at will. This is new, this uncrowned, impersonal tyrant.

Look at the dread array of power which New Jersey has clothed with legal incorporation in the year 1899. It is staggering. In the entire 49 years preceding 1895 New Jersey incorporated 873 companies whose capital amounted to or exceeded $1,000,000. These were nearly all strictly legitimate business enterprises.

New Jersey chose to be a robbers' roost. Men like Attorney General Griggs applauded the changes which encouraged monopoly to make its headquarters in the state. From 1895 on the incorporation of trusts was swift until it culminated in the extraordinary figures of last year.

Taking the corporations whose capital exceeds the million mark, which excludes all the small enterprises of a purely local character, and the following results appear in New Jersey:

	No. of trusts.	Total capital.	Average capital.
1895	46	$69,850,000	$1,456,170
1896	59	119,260,000	2,868,000
1897	86	315,567,000	2,880,967
1898*	90	698,650,000	7,762,778
1899*	116	2,446,500,000	21,090,517

*For 1898 and 1899 only companies having an excess of $3,000,000 capital have been counted. Had the $1,000,000 concerns been included the increase would have been at least three times greater.

Thus far in 1900 but seven companies of particular note have been formed—that is, companies with $3,000,000 or more of capital—the aggregate of whose capitalization is $79,000,000 and the average $11,285,714.

It will be seen by the figures which I give here that since the beginning of 1898, a little more than two years ago, the trusts incorporated in New Jersey alone have an aggregate capital of $3,131,100,000. Think of it! More than $3,000,000,000 in a little more than two years!

Can a remedy be applied until the government is in the hands of men who really want to make a remedy effective?

THEY ARE ALL FOR HIM.

William McKinley Is the Candidate of the Trusts.

When a single trust lifts its voice against Mr. McKinley, we shall believe he possesses some honesty of purpose. But they are all for him, as says the Danville (Ills.) Press:

"McKinley owes his election to the trusts. The trusts owe their prosperity largely to McKinley's protective tariff. The two are inseparable friends. As a political expediency the Republicans may fire a few blank cartridges at the trusts, but the Democrats mean business. They believe in protecting the people, and that is why there is to be a campaign against trusts. There is no department of industry in which trusts are not throttling independent dealers, destroying competition, gaining control of the market price of the material they purchase and of the products they sell and making conditions more burdensome in every direction for the people. The people must throw off this bondage or it will crush them."

A Touch of Imperialism.

An example of what imperialism means in our colonial "dependencies" is found in the action of General Davis, military governor of Porto Rico, who summarily suppresses strikes of workingmen for higher wages. Brooke, it will be remembered, did the same thing in Havana when the cab drivers struck. In short, it seems that the workingmen—and the general population, for that matter—of our "dependencies" enjoy less liberty of action under American than under Spanish rule. Yet it was to deliver them from the oppression of the cruel Spaniard that we took them under our wing. If the Porto Ricans and Cubans have an equivalent for the English expression about the frying pan and the fire, they must find frequent use for it these days.—Chicago Chronicle.

What Is the Open Door?

According to Dr. Gapen of Madison, Wis., this is it:

"The open door! What is it? A door is an open door only when it permits going and coming—only when it permits passage both ways. It is a principle of political economy that interchange of commodities—trade—goes on between two peoples only when the amounts sold and bought by each are approximately equal. In the fifties we had the South American trade. We now have few or no ships plying from our ports to the ports of South America, all because we shut out their products by a tariff, and they want to buy where they can also sell."

Preparing Our Downfall.

The time is coming when there will be an open contest between the monarchial and republican governments of the world, and if this great and leading republic does not assert itself its sister republics, like the Transvaal, will be reduced one at a time, and it will eventually have to fight the great battle alone.—Danville (Ills.) Press.

The Trust Question.

If the people of this country wish to get rid of the trusts, they must first get rid of Hanna, McKinley and Griggs, who are owned, body, boots and breeches, by the trusts. With a president in the White House who will enforce the laws the trust question will quickly be settled.—Chicago Chronicle.

A Weak Excuse.

Secretary Gage's claim is that he didn't know it was loaded.—Knoxville Sentinel.

THE GLOBE,

202 N. MAIN ST.,
SECOND DOOR SOUTH WATSON'S GROCERY.

Your best opportunity yet, see south window display.

Every $4 Shoe in the house cut to $2.39, comprising ladies' stylish Turns and Welts, finest Vici Kids, some Vesting Tops, also Winter Storm Boots, &c., &c.

Gents' Shoes come in Vici Kid, Box Calf, Russia Calf, all up-to-date fresh goods. Some leather lined, finest makes in U. S. $4 values, go at $2.39 FOR LIMITED PERIOD ONLY.

See north window display on finely tailored, rich, rare and artistic gems in MEN'S SUITS and TROUSERS. Marked down prices here prevails also. We will save you from $2 to $4 on every Suit and give you the best New York and Rochester tailored clothes equal to the custom made AT ONE-HALF CUSTOM MADE PRICES. Don't delay, call now at Lima's prettiest and best lighted store.

THE GLOBE,

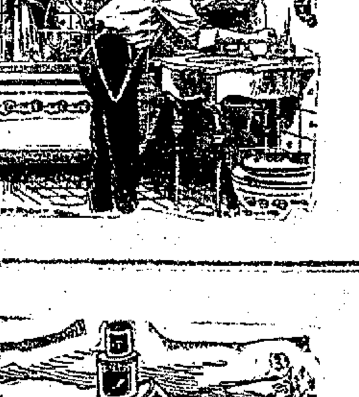
202 N. MAIN ST.
SECOND DOOR SOUTH WATSON'S GROCERY.

See our swell creations in Spring Overcoats, $8.90, $10 and $12.

THE BUSY STORE! THE BUSY STORE!

The choice of any Jacket in our store tomorrow for $1.25 and each succeeding day until the tenth day of March, the prices will be reduced twenty-five cents on each garment, if not all sold before that date.

THE METELLUS THOMSON DRY GOODS CO.



"CLEANLINESS IS NEXT TO GODLINESS"

and we can fit you up a bathroom that will make you think you are verging on the luxury of heathen Rome to be able to posess. Porcelain lined bath tubs, ornamental wash bowls, water closets and fitted with fine sanitary open plumbing and we will do it at a cost that will enable you to enjoy this luxury of a handsome bath room. Let us give you our estimate.

J. M. McVEY
119 E. High St., Lima.

CAN OUR CANNED GOODS BE BEAT?

We would like to see some one who can candidly state by whom, in either price or quality. They are canned by the best canner's in this country and Europe, and if you can find a can of tomatoes, peas, beans or mushrooms that can equal ours in high quality, freshness and flavor, you can take a can home with you free.

JAMES S. SMITH,
BOTH 'PHONES 127. GROCER.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

MILLIONS

Of Dollars are Involved

In the Latest Absorption of Cudahy Interests.

Standard is Again Credited With Having Made the Monster Deal—Local Oil Field News.

OIL MARKET.

Tiona	$1.83
Scio	1.68
Pennsylvania	1.08
Barnesville	1.54
Corning	1.61
New Castle	1.48
North Lima	1.28
South Lima	1.21
Indiana	1.21

Near Bellaire in Monroe county, two good wells were drilled in yesterday, one on the Streetsmith farm, near Graysville, a village near Bellaire, that starts off at 100 barrels a day in the "Big Injun" sand, and the other on the J. O. Devoe farm, one and a half miles south of Louisville, drilled by the Three S Oil Co., is a gusher. When the drill penetrated the "Big Injun" pay, it put oil all over the derrick.

The latest report says that the Standard Oil Co. has purchased all the Cudahy interest in the Ohio and Indiana oil fields. The purchase includes [illegible] producing wells, three large residences and thousands of miles of pipe line. Knowing ones estimate the property worth from $8,000,000 to [illegible]

Wednesday, three old timers sat in the Milikin hotel in Bowling, Green, and the conversation between them was most interesting, they being W. H. Millikin, Sandy McDonald and R. G. Sill, of Bolivar, N. Y., and the conversation was most interesting and recalled many interesting facts of the Pennsylvania and Ohio oil field. Operators who have become still in the old areas of oilers were recalled and their virtues debated upon until it began to be considered a mighty good thing to be one of them. Those who are still on earth—but somewhat battered—but still in the ring, fighting against heavy odds with 47½ cent casing and three barrel wells, were also enumerated and their diagnosis properly made.

Millikin still enjoys being to the front pushing wells to completion. Still likes a tussel with some giant corporation and stands for the eminent domain of the individual as well as for the corporation.

McDonald has felt the cramp of adversity, but has reached the point where the growler has not so many terrors. He had stories of the days that have gone. All enjoyed this meeting as they would an old time revival of religion.

King, Wilbur & Herring have disposed of their interests in the Oak Oil company, of Findlay, O., to L. A. Babbott, of Buffalo, N. Y. was the purchaser. The consideration was not given.

Mowery No. 2 started off at sixty barrels. Tom Moore has just finished one on a farm adjoining the Mowery, owned by the Ohio, that is good for eighty barrels. She made several strong flows while being drilled in. Mowery No. 2 also belongs to the Ohio Oil company.

Bartholomew, Koons, Todd and others who drilled in a well on the Dalzell farm north of Kemp are pulling the iron and will abandon it. Many reports were given out concerning the out come of this venture and it was a pleasure for the writer to write as reported, that it showed for a good well. It's very unpleasant to be compelled to say the next day that it was a bad venture, but such is the case in the Dalzell well and it comes about by an over anxious desire to boom territory before its real worth is known.

Dick Sinclair is back from his Indiana trip. He is much encouraged with the outlook in the western field and says that there is lots of business going on.

Billy Cochran will reach sand on No. 1 tomorrow.

The John Finley well in Sugar Creek township is causing lots of excitement. The ground is covered by leasers and a warm fight is on for territory. In section 33 some parties are arranging to drill a well at once. There was one well drilled there some years ago and abandoned but it leaks out that this well was nothing less than a fair producer, so the next venture will be as near as possible to original test well. Mr. Finley's well is on the W. W. Williams farm, section 27, Sugar Creek township.

SOCIETY NOTES.

A quiet and very pleasant wedding occurred today at noon at the home of Mr. Chas. Mullenhour, 719 east Elm street, when Mr. S. A. O'Neill, of Decatur, Ill., and Miss Lola Blair, of this city, were united in marriage by Rev. R. J. Thomson, pastor of Market Street Presbyterian church. Mr. O'Neill is connected with the passenger department of the Clover Leaf road and is the son of the trainmaster of the B. & O. road at Flora, Ill. Mr. and Mrs. O'Neill left upon the noon train for Toledo. They will make their home at Frankfort, Ind. The bride, formerly a stenographer in Justice Duffield's court, is well known in this city. The best wishes of many young friends follow the happy couple.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Bowman, of 703 east High street, entertained a number of lady and gentlemen friends at cards Wednesday evening, the following list including those who were present: Mr. and Mrs. Atwood, Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Fisk, Mr. and Mrs. Weadock, Mr. and Mrs. Shepherd, Mrs. George Harper, Mrs. Vannata, Miss Lillie Harper and Mrs. Robert Allen. An elaborate luncheon consisting of ham and peanut sandwiches, pickles, geletine, cake, ice cream; coffee and wine was served.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Mitchell of 457 north McDonald street, entertained the J. S. Pedro Club Wednesday evening. After the usual number of games was played, the score cards, (which were original, being in the shape of a monogram of the club), was found to tally in favor of Mrs. W. Williams and Mr. F. Neff for first prize and Mrs. H. C. Jenkins and Mr. C. Renolds was consoled. Music and lunch passed the rest of the evening pleasantly. The club's next meet is with Mr. and Mrs. F. Neff on Holly street.

A quiet wedding ceremony was performed last evening at the Trinity M. E. parsonage by Rev. E. D. Whitlock, the pastor. The contracting parties were Mr. Peter Schenan and Miss Cynthia Louden, of this city.

SUPT. RILEY

Is Still Ill and No Change is Apparent.

Supt. Patrick Riley, of the motive power department of the L. E. & W., is still seriously ill at his home on south Main street and no change in his condition was apparent today. His youngest son, George Riley, has arrived from Peru, Ind.

10c 20c and 30c.

Eldon's Commedians with Brass Band and Orchestra, who will begin a week's engagement at the Faurot opera house on Monday next, have the reputation of being the most complete organization of its kind on the road. They present a series of comedies all new, bright, clean and sparkling. A fine line of specialties, a series of illustrated songs, sterograph views of the late Cuban war, views of the Ober Ammergau Passion Play and many other new and special features too numerous too mention. Their prices are 10c, 20c and 30c and on Monday evening ladies are admitted free if accompanied by one paid ticket.

WARD CAUCUSES.

SIXTH WARD, A.

Precinct A, Sixth ward, will meet in caucus in the city building, Thursday, March 15, between the hours of 2 and 8 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of selecting delegates to the various conventions during the year. Persons desiring to be candidates or delegates must send in their names to the advisory committee on or before Tuesday, March 13, to asure their names being on the primary ticket.

P. J. WEOT, Com.

"The Strength of Twenty Men."

When Shakespeare employed this phrase he referred to healthy, able-bodied men. If he had lived in these days he would have known that men and women who are not healthy may become so by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla. This medicine, by making the blood rich and pure and giving good appetite and perfect digestion, imparts vitality and strength to the system.

The non-irritating cathartic Hood's Pills.

The Remenyi Concert.

Three great artists, Miss Remenyi, soprano; Liebling, pianist, and Von Ende, violinist, will appear in concert at the Faurot opera house, Monday evening, March 19. 1t

MAYOR'S COURT.

John Flynn Changes His Plea to Guilty and is Fined.

Will do Time in the City Work House, Serving out Fourteen-Sixty. Other Cases.

John Flynn, the Socialist Labor candidate for member of the city council from the second ward, who was arrested night before last by Officer Heffern, and charged with disorderly conduct, demanded a jury trial when arraigned before the mayor yesterday, but to-day he changed his plea to guilty and was fined $14 60. He could not pay the amount and was sent to the city work house.

"Billy" McEvay, who was alleged to have had Wm. Halm cash a check drawn in his favor by King & Matteson, that had been previously cashed, was fined $8.60 for drunkenness, and upon payment of the amount was released. No charges were brought against him on account of the check matter, but a civil action was brought by Mr. Halm who advanced $20 on the check, to secure possession of the $16.70 that was secured from McEvay when he was arrested.

Chief Phalen found a pocket book on south Main street this morning containing thirteen cents.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Wm. Barnsdall left for Bradford, last evening.

Mrs. Mary Bourquin, was the guest of Toledo friends this week.

Miss Kathryn Cahill and Miss Jose Tehan, have returned home from the east, where they were attending the millinery opening.

Miss Irene Grandstaff, who has been quite ill at her home on south Elizabeth street, was considerably improved today.

J. E. Conrad has resigned his position with Stolzenbach & Co., to accept a position with Myers & Blosser, who recently purchased the grocery of B. E. Beeman.

STREET LOUNGER.

Frank Hageman, the second chair artist at Lutz's tonsorial parlor, was seen sitting in the shop last night jabbing holes in a freshly laundried barber's coat that he seemed to be preparing to don. A friend asked him if he was crazy, whereupon Frank took a hearty laugh, and then replied that he had requested his wife to repair the coat before sending it to the laundry.

"Where does it need fixing?" Mrs. Hageman asked.

"O, sew up whatever you find loose," replied Frank, and Mrs. Hageman followed instructions to the letter. She even sewed up the flap covering the front where the adjustable buttons had to be set.

* * *

The Republican Primary will be held on hangman's day, next Friday.

"A Jolly Lot."

It is safe to predict two big houses at the Faurot next Saturday, when "A Jolly Lot" rings up the curtain on their screaming entertainment. It will be a clear case of one hundred and fifty hearty laughs in two hours and a half. They are said to be a jolly lot of entertainers and they keep everybody jolly in the house. Prices, matinee, 10c and 25c; night, 25c, 35c and 50c.

Try Elmer Crossley for home killed meats.

Matinee Saturday.

"A Jolly Lot" company will give two performances at the opera house Saturday, matinee and night. Matinee prices, 10 and 25 cents; night, 25, 35 and 50 cents. Miss Lena Davenport, the charming little champion cornet soloist of America, will play a beautiful solo in the "Red Hussar Band" concert on the public square, Saturday noon.

Fresh Fish and Oysters at Elmer Crossley's.

Ladies do not forget, for all female diseases consult the German specialist, Dr. Herman Salovon, Hoffman House parlors. Office hours, 9 a. m. to 9. p. m. 4-2t

THE WEATHER.

Ohio—Fair tonight and Saturday except snow near lake, colder Saturday in north.

A LETTER FROM THE PHILIPPINES.

A letter from Charles B. Daniels from the Philippine islands addressed to his sister, has been offered for publication, and although confined to plain facts, without any elaboration, the contents offer another proof that the boys in blue are being constantly subjected to the worst of privations. An instance of this kind is noted in private Daniels letter and yet told in a manner which shows that he bears all without complaint: He writes as follows:

"We have just returned to quarters from a campaign, having been in the field for five months and where we couldn't get anything, not even tobacco. We went on a northern expidition with General Lawton, leaving San Fernando in September, and have had a hot time of it ever since. When we got to a little town called San Jose, which is about six miles from the mountains, we went up there and were gone eighteen days. When we left we took three days rations and when we run out lived on "caribe" and rice without salt.

"When we came back from the mountains most of the men were sick. I gave up my pony to a sick man and walked forty miles. My feet were just raw. I was sick four days at San Jose, where we remained six weeks on our way back to camp. It was a pretty tough trip all the way. We had some fighting and thirty of our boys were killed. Sixteen more died from diseases, and about twenty were wounded.

"One morning about four o'clock we were attacked in camp. They came across a river and up through the cane field, shooting at us and yelling, 'Americanos vamose,' which means, 'get out.' We soon had them on the run. There were about 500 of them and ninety of us. They don't make very brave soldiers.

"I understand we will be back in the states before long, and I guess I would as soon be there as here, or a little rather, although I have fared pretty well. I don't like the brogue they use here; it seems that they have a different language in every town. We haven't been paid for five months but think we will in a few days."

Lamb and Veal at Elmer Crossley's.

"Prevention is the best bridle." You can prevent sickness and cure that tired feeling and all blood humors by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla.

WANTED.

FOR SALE—Misfit carpets, rugs and druggets. I buy and sell all kinds of household goods, new and second hand. Reed, 210 east Market street. 123-tf

WANTED—A house of 5 or 6 rooms, steady tenant—Address Tenant, care Times Democrat. 4-1t

LADIES consult the German Specialist, Dr. H. Salovon, Hoffman House parlors. Office hours, 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. 4-2t

WANTED—Girl for general house work. Apply at Mrs. John Finley's, southwest corner of Spring and West streets.

WANTED—To rent farm, within four miles of the city, suitable for dairy purposes. Leave information at Bert Crosson's grocery. *2d2twit

LOST—Red Irish Setter, white breast. Return to D. F. Bogart, 230 south Elizabeth street, and receive reward. 1-3t

WANTED—Men to learn the barber trade. Two months completes. No expense if you will work for us. $60.00 monthly paid. New opportunity for our graduates. Catalogue and particulars mailed free, Moler Barber College, Chicago, Ill. 6-6t

FOR RENT—In Wheeler Block, four adjoining rooms, suitable for offices or for small family. 125-tf

WANTED—Girl for general housework in small family. Good wages paid. Enquire at once at 560 west Market street.

FOR SALE—Unredeemed goods. We have a large stock of unredeemed goods left on our hands again, such as diamonds, watches, jewelry, rings, bicycles, guitars, mandolins, guns, revolvers and a hundred other bargains. These goods will be sold cheap to pay charges.
COPELAND LOAN OFFICE.
107 E. Wayne Street.

Do you want a fence? We have iron and wire fencing for all purposes, at prices that will interest you. For particulars, etc. call at room 2, Collins block, 3rd floor, or address, W. Rockey, Box 168, Lima, Ohio.

LOST—A White Fox terrier dog with brindle spot on back, ears mixed, brindle and white face—bring to Harrod House and get reward. *3-3t

FOR SALE—A set of double harness, good as new and an elegant light buggy pole. Call on J. M. Boose at City Bank. 3-3t

FOR RENT—The Earl house, on east Wayne. Inquire at 530 west Wayne. 5-3t

SALESMAN WANTED—To look after our trade in every county in the United States. Good wages to right party, outfit free. Address E. Lago, Co., 5-1t Marietta, O.

LOST—A tan-colored leather cigar case containing $5 in gold—Lost between 131 east Market street and 761 Bellefontaine avenue. Finder will please return to Electric Light Co's. office. 5-1t

WANTED—Girl for general house work. Enquire at 595 south Main street. tf

Notice to Farmers and City People.

If you want market price for your horses, bring them to Reed's stable, east Spring street. They must be in good flesh and smooth. We will be at the barn every Saturday.
W. T. BOWKINS,
2-15-1m and K. K. KIRK.

THE MAMMOTH. | THE BIG STORE.

1900 SPRING HAT OPENING, 1900

SATURDAY, MARCH 10th.

On this day we open our Hat Department to the inspection and criticism of the public.

Every prominent maker's shape is here to be seen and the prices we ask are from 25 to 30 per cent less than the exclusive hat stores ask.

The Golf Pearl Hat,

Low crown, wide brim, is a new creation this season. We have it. $2.00, others ask $3 00.

If you want to save money and have the proper Spring Tile, call at the Mammoth.

On Saturday Afternoon

At 2 o'clock, not before, and lasting until 4, not after, we shall sell for men, boys and children, 50 dozen Caps, Golf style, all wool fashionable cloths (eton shape for very small boys), cheap at 25c,

At 9 Cents Each.

Between the hours of 2 and 4 p. m. Saturday.

THE MAMMOTH.

FAUROT OPERA HOUSE

Saturday, March 10th.
Matinee and Night.

A JOLLY LOT.

Company bigger and better than ever.
20—High Grade Metropolitan Entertainers—20; including their famous Red-Hussar Band and Superb Orchestra.
Prices—Matinee 10 and 25c. Night 25, 35 and 50c.

FAUROT OPERA HOUSE

ONE WEEK, Beginning
Monday, March 12th.

ELDON'S COMEDIANS

Brass Band and Orchestra.
In a Repertoire of New Comedies.
Singing and Dancing Specialties. Prof. Merle's Educated Dogs. The Oxford Quartette. Passion Play Pictures. Illustrated Songs. Swiss Bell Ringers.
MATINEE Saturday at 2:00 p. m.
Prices—10, 20 and 30c.

NOTICE!

We hereby wish to give notice to the many wearers of the popular STEIN, BLOCH & Co. Clothes, that the spring styles of these finest ready-to-wear clothes, will arrive this week.

The Stein Bloch Co. Wholesale Tailors COPYRIGHTED 1898

We have been so successful with this line, that we have made an immense purchase of these goods for this coming season. Gentlemen who are looking for up-to-date Spring Suits, will surely find them here.

MICHAEL'S.

Tearing Out Front and Fixtures

- - - OF THE - - -

Columbia . . . . Shoe Store

Tearing out and new ones put in their stead. Rather than pile our goods on the floor or pay storage charges

We offer our Entire Stock for the Next Few Days at Deep Cut Prices.

800 Pairs Ladies' $2.25, $2.50, $3.00 and $3.50 Button Shoes for . . . .

$1.00 Per Pair.

700 Pairs Ladies' $3.00 and $3.25 best styles, of Patent Leather and Dress Kid Shoes, for . . . . .

$2.48 Per Pair.

All our Men's $3.50, $4.00 and $4.50 Shoes . . . .

For $2.98.

Misses' and Children's Shoes at about your own Price. Buy this week and Save Dollars.

Columbia Rebuilding Sale,

AT THE OLD STAND.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE® NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

This striking photograph represents the three-year-old son of Mrs. Jess. Potter of 394 South First Street, Brooklyn, N. Y., who says, under date of Sept. 23, 1899, regarding his cure of a disfiguring face humor: My baby's face was covered with ringworms. We could not lay a pin between the sores on his face and neck, and he was a sight to look at. Two doctors attended him for three weeks, without success, when I heard of Cuticura. I got a box of Cuticura Soap, and a box of Cuticura Ointment. I only applied them three days, when I could see his face was better, and in four weeks he was cured. His face is as clear as a bell, and not a mark on it.

In all the world there is no treatment so pure, so sweet, so economical, so speedily effective for distressing skin and scalp humors of infants and children as CUTICURA. A warm bath with CUTICURA SOAP, and a single anointing with CUTICURA Ointment, purest of emollient skin cures, followed when necessary by a mild dose of CUTICURA RESOLVENT, will afford instant relief, permit rest and sleep to both parent and child, and point to a speedy, permanent, and economical cure when all else fails. Sold throughout the world. Price, THE SET, $1.25; or, CUTICURA SOAP, 25c., CUTICURA OINTMENT, 50c., CUTICURA RESOLVENT 50c POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston. "How to Cure Baby Humors," free.

New Cures for Lunacy.

"The cures which we have to resort to are in many cases," said the head physician of one of the largest Scottish lunatic asylums, "as curious as our patients' whims. One patient had for six years been under the delusion that his head was turned the wrong way physically. We put him in a chair, tied him securely, and then, having blindfolded him, gave him an electric shock. He got up crying with delight, and after that moment he was the same as you or I. Another declared he was topheavy. We weighted his feet with two three-stone weights and left him for a day. Whether the extra weight effected the cure or not I do not know, but he today holds a very responsible position under the government, and is one of the clearest-headed men I know. Another thought that if he went to sleep the world would stop moving. We dosed him with chloroform. When he awoke twelve hours later and found everything all right he wept with joy, then turned over and went to sleep again, waking six hours later, sane."

A IMPLE QUETION.

Lima People Are Requested to Honestly Answer Th .

Is not the word of a representative citizen of Lima more convincing than the doubtful utterances of people living everywhere else in the union? Read this:

Mrs H. B. Core of 522 west High street says: "I feel that it is a persons duty to recommend a remedy which gives them perfect satisfaction, and it is for this reason that I endorse the claims made for Doan's Kidney Pills and recommend the use of this remedy to others, we used them in our family for kidney trouble and found them to be all they are represented, namely a thoroughly reliable and effectual remedy. We procurred them at W. M. Mervilles' drug store." For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co. Buffalo, N. Y. sole agents for the U. S. Remember the name Doan's and take no substitute.

The Black Cat Fad.

The latest idea in the way of a porte-bonheur is to carry a tiny puss of wondrous goldsmith's work swinging as a pendant from the end of your lorgnette chain. The cat is made of black enamel upon metal. Its eyes have a metallic green gleam. Are they not tiny cat's-eyes? The sapient puss wears a collor of brilliants set close about her neck. This it seems, is the very "latest."

I had granulated lids for twenty years. I tried many doctors and lots of medicine to no avail. A skim had grown over my eyes, and they grew worse until I could not recognize one across the street. Sutherland's Eagle Eye Salve cured me sound and well in ten days. Mrs. W. C. Woodall, Murfreesboro, Tenn. T. N. Cunningham, 136 north Main street.

Sure-Footed Boer Horses.

The horses which the Boers ride are very much like the Welsh or Scotch ponies, being very sure-footed, and with a power of leaping from rock to rock that is phenomenal.

CASTORIA

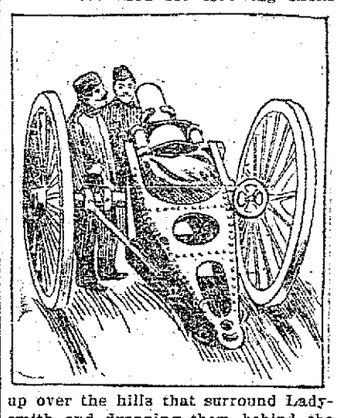
For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

THE HOWITZER IN WAR.

The accompanying illustration shows the type of howitzer used by the British bluejackets during the siege of Ladysmith by the Boers. These howitzers were used for throwing shells



up over the hills that surround Ladysmith and dropping them behind the Boers' natural fortifications of rock and kopje. As a general rule, though, the howitzer is being supplanted by more accurate firing field artillery on the one hand and the machine gun on the other, though it was effectively made use of by Gen. Methuen at the second battle of Modder river.

Banker Routs A Robber.

J. R. Garrison, Cashier of the bank of Thornville, Ohio, had been robbed of health by a serious lung trouble until he tried Dr. King's New discovery for Consumption. Then he wrote: "It is the best medicine I ever used for a severe cold or a bad case of lung trouble, I always keep a bottle on hand." Don't suffer with Coughs, Colds, or any Throat, Chest or lung trouble when you can be cured so easily. Only 50c and $1.00. Trial bottle free at H. F. Vortkamp's drug store. Corner North and Main streets.

Hunting Cure for Blues.

He had the guncase in one hand and a grip in the other, and was making his way to the Broad street station. "I'm going away to get rid of the blues," he said. "You see," he went on, "this is my unvarying cure," and he nodded toward the guncase. "Don't often get the blues—blamed seldom, in fact. But when I do get them—well, I get 'em for keeps—take right hold of me and unfit me for business, pleasure, intercourse with my fellowmen—everything! And the only thing that cures me is a week's gunning. I go off somewhere and tramp around in old clothes with a gun and a couple of dogs for my companions. And after I've gotten away from cramped-up cities and have roamed around among hills and in thickets, and scrambled over rocks and sat me down by little streams—well, I forget the little things of life—little troubles, little vexations, little men, little women, little aims, little everything. For everything around me is on such a big, broad scale—mountains, hills, valleys, trees, sky—that my vision gets big—and I see more and see differently. And in a week's time I'm a different man—made all over in Nature's big workshop."—Philadelphia Press.

We have saved many docor bills since we began using Chamberlain,s ough Remedy in our home. We eep a bottle open all the time and whenever any of my family or myself begin to catch cold we begin to use the Congh Remedy, and as a result we never have to send away fo a doctor and incur a large doctor bill, for Chamberlain's Cough Remedy never fails to cure. It is certianly a medicine of great merit and worth.—D. S. Mearkle, General Merchant and Farmer, Mattie, Bedford county, Pa. For sale by all druggists.

A WANDERING STATESMAN.

Assistant Secretary of the Interior, Whose Business in the Transvaal Is a Mystery.

BY JOHN F. WILLOUGHBY.

Webster Davis, the assistant secretary of the interior, whose presence in South Africa and whose visit to the Transvaal are just now being so widely discussed, is a lawyer, hailing from Missouri and a man who has had a varied and somewhat lively career in the arena of politics.

Although both the state and interior departments deny that Assistant Secretary Davis is intrusted with a diplomatic mission to the Boer capital, yet the action of President Kruger in sending his private car to Lourenco Marques for the purpose of conveying Mr. Davis to Pretoria leads the looker on to doubt official sincerity. The explanation that Mr. Davis is merely taking a vacation is not wholly convincing.

The man who is thus brought so prominently into the public eye owes his career to a strange chance. If he had not made a dismal failure in trying to learn the trade of shoemaker, he might still be sitting on the cobbler's bench instead of worrying the nations.

The father of Webster Davis was a shoemaker in Gallatin, Mo. He had given the boy a common school education and then began to teach him his trade. The boy made a botch of a pair of shoes, and the father was scolding him when Judge McDougall, now of Kansas City, entered the shop and overheard his words.

"Send the boy over to my office, Davis," said the judge. "He certainly is a poor shoemaker, but he may make a good lawyer."

The young man jumped at the chance to study law under the judge, and from that time his upward course was steady.

Webster Davis is now in the neighborhood of 39. He has an imposing physique and is admired by thousands of Republicans for his oratorical ability.

While he was reading law in Judge McDougall's office he attracted the at-

WEBSTER DAVIS.

tention of wealthy and prominent men, and with their aid he went to the law school of the University of Michigan and completed the course.

Then began his political career. One of the men who had been attracted by his evident ability was Major William Warner of Kansas City. Upon Davis' return from Ann Arbor, Major Warner found a place for him in the office of the surveyor of the port in Kansas City. This position threw him in contact with politicians, and he began to attend political meetings. His ready flow of language and a florid style of oratory brought him to the front as a political speaker.

Major Warner became a candidate for governor in 1892, and Davis stumped the state for him. This introduced him to a big audience, and he rapidly gained fame among Republicans as an oratorical wonder. The same year, through Major Warner's influence, he was nominated for congress. Both he and Major Warner went down to defeat, but Davis had made the best of his opportunities.

He went to Chicago during the Columbian exposition and held a position in the Harrison Telephone company. This company failed, and he returned to Kansas City. It was the eve of a mayoralty campaign, and Davis was urged to make the race for the Republican nomination. The Republicans did not expect to succeed, and Davis had no great difficulty in capturing the nomination.

The ensuing campaign was a bitter one, and there were frequent riots. He was elected, to the surprise of everybody, including himself. He inaugurated an aggressive policy. But Davis did not succeed in making himself popular. He was young, with all the arrogance of youth, and the older heads in his party shook over his doings.

Davis' reputation as an orator had attracted the attention of the Republican campaign managers, to whom he was recommended by Colonel Kerens. They engaged him to stump Missouri for McKinley. It was during this campaign that he won a national reputation as a public speaker.

In 1896 he was also a candidate for the nomination as governor of Missouri, but he failed to get it. In May 1897, he was appointed assistant secretary of the interior. It is said that he has not got on well with either of the secretaries under whom he has served, but much of this talk is probably unfounded rumor.

PARIS FRIVOLITIES.

Fill Babbles of Genius, Skating Staffs and Jewels.

"We had fewer New Year's cards this year than ever before," writes Fill in a letter from Paris to the New York Commercial Advertiser. "It is not at all chautelaire to send shop-made 'images' to one's friends, and only the poets and the authors and the painters send cards now. Ordinary persons content themselves by posting their ordinary visiting cards, with a few words of greeting, and perhaps a wee photograph of the sender placed in one corner of the card. But if one is a personage—ah! then it is done differently. One paints a charming little picture and has it reproduced on as many cards as one wishes to send away; or one writes some pretty little triolets and has them printed in gold and powdered with diamond dust, or one writes a touching and beautiful little story suitable for New Year's reading and has it printed and bound for private circulation. All this for the friends of clever folks. If one is not a celebrity or the cherished friend of a celebrity one is forgotten in these days. But if we have not had New Year's cards we have had skating, and, as you know, skating in Paris is a picturesque proceeding always, but especially so this season, as the 'batons de velours' (velvet staffs) of the second empire have been revived, and added much to the beauty of the scene at the Horseshoe pond on the Bois de Boulogne. These staffs were brought into use by the poor Empress Eugenie when that exalted unfortunate took her first lessons in skating. The empress had two instructors, but etiquette forbade their holding the hands of their pupil to guide her uncertain glides over the ice. M. Carter was at that time the king of skaters, and he invented the staff, which consisted of a stout rod covered with wadded velvet. The ends of the rod were held by two professors, while the empress, placing her hands in the center and leaning her weight upon it, was supported and guided without having occasion to touch the skating masters. The staffs have appeared this season in great numbers and are of all colors, but bright red and blue predominate. It is impossible, ma chere, to imagine anything prettier than a pretty woman holding one of these staffs and accompanied by two beaux cavaliers, gliding birdlike over the ice. Do not say, 'Birds do not glide.' I always think of seagulls when I see fine skating. I have seen a wonderful jewel in the Rene de la Paix. It is a pigeon-blood ruby, surrounded by smaller rubies, to represent a burning flame, the shape of the flame being outlined in brilliants of exceptional brilliancy and beauty. Beneath the flame and attached by an invisible gold thread is a large moth composed of curious gray crystal found in the mountains of America—on dit—and surrounded by diamonds, the filmy outstretched wings also of diamonds, with an outline of pale-colored emeralds! Voila, est-ce-beau?"

Blood poison often results from a cut or wound if not properly treated. Dr. Bell's Anti-Pain is a safe, speedy cure. Dr. Bell's Anti-Pain is the most wonderful discovery of the age for the quick relief of all internal and external pain. T. N. Cunningham, 136 north Main street.

ODDS AND ENDS.

During her entire reign Queen Victoria has not worn her crown twenty times.

The largest theater in the world is the Paris opera house. It covers three acres.

There are at present no roads, railways, telegraphs, canals or harbors in Morocco.

More mushrooms are raised in the vicinity of Paris than in any other place in the world.

Engineers estimate that 20,000 horsepower can be developed along the Chicago sanitary canal.

A sign of politeness in Thibet on meeting a person is to hold up the clasped hand and stick out the tongue.

Switzerland has three institutions for the cure of drunkards which record permanent cures in one-half the cases treated.

In the number of locomotives the United States comes first with a total of 36,746. Great Britain comes next with 19,602.

With the prospective retirement of Mr. Vest from political life at the end of his term, the last of the confederate senators will have gone.

Greece has followed Italy's example in forbidding the exportation of antiquities. Notice has been served on foreign governments and learned societies.

Bray—Metempsychosis? No, sir. I think it's a horrid belief. Fancy my becoming a donkey in my next incarnation! Funnell—Monotonous, eh?—Life.

Maxim—How did Tweeter behave under fire? Did he shrink? Gatling—No; I don't know as he shrunk; but he evidently tried to make himself as small as he could.—Boston Transcript.

Dr. Bell's Pine Tar-Honey advances a new theory in the treatment of all cough, lung and bronchial troubles. It cures and cures quickly. Absolutely harmless, and pleasant to take. It cuts loose the mucus without exertion or straining and stops the cough at once. It heals the inflamed parts. It gives vigor and vitality to the respiratory organs. It enables the blood to receive the proper supply of oxygen. It builds up the system, rendering it less susceptible to cold. T. N. Cunningham, 136 north Main street.

Pale Women And Children.

Poor, thin, or watery blood is shown by pale, emaciated faces, and signifies that not only is this vital fluid impoverished, but that the organs of the body are weakened.

Pale people suffer from indigestion, dyspepsia, sleeplessness, and are an easy prey to consumption and other diseases. VINOL will relieve this condition, not only by making pure rich blood, but by counteracting other evils that attend such a state of depletion.

"My little two year old child was pale. I gave her VINOL, with the most beneficial results."—MRS. ALDEN H. BRYANT, 721 Kempton St., New Bedford, Mass.

"Delicate women thrive on VINOL. The stories I could tell after a course of VINOL would sound like good tidings."—ROSE HAWTHORNE LATHROP, 668 Water St., New York.

"VINOL has done wonders for my boy four years old. He was all run down, without appetite, and had a bad cold. I have used one bottle of VINOL and he is very much improved, and I believe one more bottle will restore him to health."—MRS. A. C. WEBBER, 88 Florence Street, New Bedford, Mass.

"In my opinion VINOL is a most excellent article for growing children. My children needed such a tonic, and besides were troubled with grippe. I gave them VINOL. It cured their cough, and has strengthened them greatly."—THO. H. ENWRIGHT, Fall River, Mass.

Please remember that VINOL is sold on our guarantee. We have learned from the above, and many similar testimonials, that VINOL is a tonic and a rejuvenator for pale women and children that has no equal. We positively guarantee the action of VINOL wherever a reconstructor is needed, and will refund the price of the remedy to any one not satisfied. If you will call on us we will prove to you that VINOL is delicious to the taste, and give you such further particulars as you may wish.

H. F. Vortkamp, Metropolitan Pharmacy cor. Main and North Sts.

MINERS AND MORPHINE.

A Custom Necessary, but Not Pleasant to Contemplate.

"When I was in the northwest during last October," said a gentleman with some money invested in mines, "I employed a prospector to go out into to the mountains looking for properties which had been recommended to me. One day he was to have gone from our camp over into a very rough and rocky district, but when evening came he reported that he hadn't made the trip. 'Why not?' I inquired. 'Because I didn't have my morphine with me,' he responded in a very matter of fact manner. 'Morphine?' said I, in astonishment, 'what has that got to do with it? You are not a morphine fiend, are you?' 'Not as much of a one as you are a tenderfoot,' he laughed, and proceeded to inform me that every prospector who knew his business always carried with him enough morphine to kill a man easily, and that he did so in order to end himself quickly in case of an accident which would disable him far away from assistance. There were many instances of prospectors falling over cliffs and crippling themselves, or breaking a leg in a hole among the rocks, or rendering themselves helpless in some other way, and death was sure to follow by starvation or freezing, or, in some sections, by being devoured by wolves or other wild animals. In order to prevent such a horrible death as any of these the prospectors simplified matters by always carrying a little packet of morphine, which not only quieted the pain of the hurt he had sustained, but put him to sleep pleasantly to wake no more on earth. It struck me first as uncanny, not to say wicked, but I got over that feeling after a narrow escape or two, and I carried my little tin box just like a veteran would."

Have You Been Coughing

A day, a week, a month, a year? Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey will cure that cough. There can be no doubt of it. It has cured many others equally severe. Druggists sell it. 25c. No cure no pay. T. N. Cunningham, 136 north Main street.

Sailors Scarce in Maine.

A scarcity of sailors more general than ever before in the history of Maine shipping prevails at the present time, and the wages of seamen have risen to an unusual point.

Eugene J. Hall, the poet and publisher, says that one dose of Foley's Honey and Tar restored his voice when hoarseness threatened to prevent his lecture at Central Music Hall, Chicago. H. F. Vortkamp, corner of Main and North streets.

THINGS HERE AND THERE.

There is the "dentist's foot." A New York dentist says that "almost all dentists have trouble with one foot, owing to their standing or leaning habitually on the same foot while at work."

Canada could muster 60,000 trained troops within a short period. She has 300,000 men who have done service in the militia, and her citizens available for military duty number more than 1,000,000.

New York has its first searchlight fire engine. It is the first machine of its kind ever constructed, and its great advantage is that it will enable firemen to overcome the difficulty of fighting fires in dark interiors.

A regular business, carried on in France by ladies of the highest standing, is to secure rich American brides for penniless men of title. These matrimonial agents receive heavy fees when they are successful.

In Europe the smallest coin now current and the one having the least value is the Greek lepton. The lepton is the one-hundredth part of a drachma. The Greek drachma is about equal to 20 cents of our money.

Of the total number of people in India receiving relief on Nov. 30, 1,578,000 were in British districts and 627,000 in native states. The rulers of native states have been helped by means of loans and in other ways.

Germany's army is to have, shortly, a number of automobiles that are to be used not only for the transportation of the baggage, provisions and ammunition, but also for the rapid transportation of detachments of soldiers.

At Rio de Janeiro a famous Italian faster has been unmasked. A physician found that he used fibrous meat compressed into the smallest size, and this, in connection with a small quantity of mineral water, was enough to prevent starvation.

If troubled with rheumatism, give Chamberlain's Pain-Balm a trial. It will not cost you a cent if it does no good. One application will relieve the pain. It also cures sprains and bruises in one-third the time required by any other treatment. Cuts, burns, frostbites, quinsey, pains in the side and chest, glandular and other swellings are quickly cured by applying it. Every bottle warranted. Price, 25 and 50 cts. For sale by all druggists.

CASH for acceptable ideas. State if patented. THE PATENT RECORD, Baltimore, Md. Subscription price of the PATENT RECORD $1.00 per annum. Samples free.

DRINK SAV

An Engineer from Sudden Death, and It Was Water, Too.

New York Tribune: "The life of a locomotive engineer is a most dangerous one," said Allen Runkle, of Philadelphia, at the Fifth Avenue hotel, "and some of their escapes are little short of miraculous. A friend of mine, who is now a prosperous business man, but who started life as a fireman and later became an engineer, owes his life to a cup of water, or rather the desire for one. He was at the time an engineer, and, wanting a drink of water, stepped from his seat to the water can on the tender to get it. He was just raising the can to his lips when there was a terrific crash, the entire side of the cab was torn off, and the air filled with flying pieces of wood and iron. Luckily neither he nor the fireman was seriously injured, and they, with the aid of the train's crew, managed to bring the train to a stop without further harm. They then found that the connecting rod on the right hand side had broken in two, and the two loose ends flying around with terrific force had wrecked everything with which they came in contact. The right hand side of the cab was torn to smithereens, and as the engineer's seat was directly above the loose end of the connecting rod attached to the rear driving wheel, had my friend not had that lucky inspiration to take a drink he would beyond question have either been killed outright or else possibly so badly mangled as to make death by comparison seem preferable."

What's Your Face Worth?

Sometimes a fortune, but never, if you have a sallow complexion a jaundiced look, moth patches and blotches on the skin, all signs of Liver Trouble. But Dr. King's New Life Pills give Clear Skin, Rosy Cheeks Rich Complexion. Only 25c at H. F. Vortkamp's Drug Store, corner North and Main Sts.

Fitting the British Soldier.

To guard against misfits the English army clothing stores make their uniforms in no less than thirty-six different sizes. The stores at present employ over 1,600 women making khaki uniforms. Khaki is a dyed cotton, but what it is dyed with the government officials themselves do not know. The firm that discovered it keeps the secret very much to itself.

To Make a Holiday.

The average number of horses killed in Spanish bull fights every year exceeds 5,000, while from 1,000 to 1,200 bulls are sacrificed.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

Pittsb'gh, Ft. Wayne & Chicago Div.

Pennsylvania Lines.

Schedule of Passenger Trains—Central Time

Westward.		9	15	8	39	35
		AM	PM	PM	AM	PM
Pittsb'gh	lv	*7 00	*6 30	*1 35		
Alliance...	ar	9 40	8 55	4 35		
	lv	10 10	9 27	5 24		
Canton...	"	10 22	9 40	5 42		
Massillon...	"	11 02	10 25	6 34		
Wooster...	"	12 10	11 30	7 53	†6 35	
Mansfield...	ar	12 40	11 59	8 25	6 55	
Crestline	lv	12 45	12 05	PM	7 05	†2 50
Robinson...	"	......	......		7 18	3 05
Bucyrus...	"	1 05	12 27		7 35	3 20
Nevada...	"	......	......		7 55	3 38
U Sandusky	"	1 29	12 51		8 17	3 55
Kirby...	"	......	......		8 33	......
Forest...	"	B....	......		8 45	4 23
Dunkirk...	"	......	......		8 57	4 35
Washingt'n	"	......	......		9 03	4 43
Ada...	"	B....	1 36		9 14	4 55
Lafayette...	"	......	......		9 25	5 09
Lima...	"	2 34	1 59		9 40	5 24
Elida...	"	......	......		9 59	5 38
Delphos...	"	3 01	2 25		10 21	5 54
Middlepoint	"	......	......		10 32	6 04
Van Wert...	"	3 20	2 48		10 46	6 33
Convoy...	"	......	......		11 00	6 41
Dixon...	"	......	......		11 11	6 48
Monroeville	"	......	......		11 20	(6 57
Maples...	"	......	......		11 32	*7 05
Adams...	"	......	......		11 42	7 15
Ft. Wayne	ar	4 10	3 40		11 55	PM
Warsaw...	"	5 25	4 52		1 25	
Plymouth...	"	6 12	5 34		2 40	
Valparaiso...	"	7 16	6 30		3 23	
Chicago...	ar	8 45	7 45		5 05	
		PM	AM		PM	

Eastward.		20	8	6	36	18
		AM	PM	PM	AM	AM
Chicago...	lv	†7 30	*3 00	*11 30		*2 25
Valparaiso...	"	9 15	4 32	1 20		4 12
Plymouth...	"	10 37	5 48	2 55		5 13
Warsaw...	"	11 23	6 28	3 45		5 51
Ft. Wayne	"	12 45	7 45	5 20	†6 30	7 00
Adams...	"	12 55	......	......	8 42	......
Maples...	"	1 05	......	......	8 52	......
Monroeville	"	1 15	8 12	5 50	9 03	......
Dixon...	"	1 23	......	......	9 11	......
Convoy...	"	1 31	......	6 05	9 22	......
Van Wert...	"	1 55	8 39	6 20	9 39	......
Middlepoint	"	2 10	......	6 34	9 52	......
Delphos...	"	2 27	9 05	6 50	10 04	......
Elida...	"	2 43	......	......	10 20	......
Lima...	"	2 54	9 30	7 15	10 31	8 29
Lafayette...	"	3 15	......	7 35	10 50	......
Ada...	"	3 29	10 00	7 54	11 03	......
Washingt'n	"	3 41	......	......	11 15	......
Dunkirk...	"	3 59	......	8 11	11 22	......
Forest...	"	4 08	......	8 24	11 35	......
Kirby...	"	4 14	......	8 35	11 44	......
U Sandusky	"	4 33	10 45	8 50	12 00	......
Nevada...	"	4 45	......	9 04	12 18	......
Bucyrus...	"	5 03	11 13	9 29	12 35	......
Robinson...	"	5 2[illegible]	......	(9 43	12 47	......
Crestline	ar	5 35	11 45	10 00	1 03	10 20
	lv	5 4[illegible]	11 55	10 05	PM	AM
Mansfield...	"	6 15	12 20	10 56		
Wooster...	"	7 3[illegible]	1 30	12 00		
Massillon...	"	8 2[illegible]	2 18	1 00		
Canton...	"	8 45	2 34	1 16		
Alliance...	ar	9 3[illegible]	3 10	2 00		
Pittsb'gh	ar	1 05	5 50	5 30		
		AM	AM	PM		

Pullman Sleeping Cars are run on Nos. 6 and 8. Nos. 6, 8 and 20 connect in Union Station, Pittsburgh, with through trains for Harrisburg, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia and New York. Dark Faced type denotes time from 12:00 noon to 12:00 midnight; Light faced from 12:00 midnight to 12:00 noon. Pullman Vestibule Dining and Sleeping Cars on Nos. 8 and 15; Pullman Sleeping Cars on ... BStop for passengers from Crestline or points east, or to Fort Wayne or points west.

*Daily. †Except Sunday. ‡Flag Stop. §Meals.

L. F. LOREE, General Manager, E. A. FORD, General Passenger Agent, PITTSBURGH, PENN'A.

For time cards, rates of fare, through tickets, baggage checks, and further information regarding the running of trains apply to any agent of the Pennsylvania Lines.

LOCAL TIME CARD.

P., FT. W. & C. R. R.

EASTBOUND FROM LIMA.

No. 6 .... 7 15 a m
" 36 .... 10 31 a m
" 20 .... 2 54 p m
" 8 .... 9 30 p m
" 2 .... 10 45 p m

WEST BOUND FROM LIMA.

No. 15 .... 1 59 a m
" 3 Limited .... 8 33 a m
" 39 .... 9 40 a m
" 9 .... 2 34 p m
" 35 .... 5 24 p m

Trains No. 20, 36, 35, and 39 daily except Sunday

C., H. & D. R. R.

NORTH.

arrives daily .... 2:20 a m
leaves " .... 2:35 a m
leaves " except Sunday .... 6:55 a m
arrives " " " .... 8:15 a m
leaves " " " .... 8:35 a m
arrives " .... 11:52 a m
leaves " .... 11:57 a m
arrives " except Sunday .... 4:35 p m
leaves " " " .... 4:40 p m
arrives " " " .... 9:20 p m
Sunday only, arrives .... 7:40 a m
" " leaves .... 7:43 a m
Sunday only arrives .... 9:55 p m

SOUTH.

arrives daily .... 2:05 a m
leaves " .... 2:10 a m
" " except Sunday .... 5:45 a m
arrives " " " .... 9:20 a m
leaves " " " .... 9:35 a m
arrives " .... 12:06 p m
leaves " .... 12:41 p m
arrives " .... 4:05 p m
leaves " .... 4:10 p m
" " .... 5:45 p m
arrives " except Sunday .... 7:50 p m
Sunday only, leaves .... 7:30 a m

C. & E. R. R.

No. 2—Going East .... 3:24 p. m
" 8— " " .... 9:02 p. m
" 12— " " .... 8:41 a. m
Local " " .... 7:00 a. m
No. 1—Going West .... 9:10 a. m
" 5— " " .... 1:12 a. m
" 3— " " .... 11:25 a. m
" 11— " " .... 4:52 p. m
Local .... 7:00 a. m

ERIE RAILROAD.

Time Card in Effect Dec., 11, 1899.

From Lima, Ohio.

TRAINS WEST. Depart

No. 3, Vestibule Limited, daily, for Chicago and the West .... 11 23 a m
No. 5, Pacific Express, daily, for Chicago and the West .... 1 12 a m
No. 1, Express, daily, except Sunday for Chicago and the West .... 9 10 a m
No. 81, Local Freight, daily except Sunday .... 7 00 a m
No. 13, Wells-Fargo Limited Express daily, except Monday .... 4 52 p m

TRAINS EAST.

No. 4, Vestibule Limited, daily, for New York and Boston .... 9 02 p m
No. 2, Express, daily except Sunday 8 24 p m
No. 12, Express, daily for New York 8 41 a m
No. 22, Local Freight, daily, except Sunday .... 7 00 a m
Train is will not run days following legal holidays.

Through Coaches and sleeping cars to New York and Boston.

FRANK C. McCOY, Agent.
W. S. MORRISON, Tras. Pass. Agt. Huntington.

PATENTS GUARANTEED

Our fee returned if we fail. Any one sending sketch and description of any invention will promptly receive our opinion free concerning the patentability of same. "How to Obtain a Patent" sent upon request. Patents secured through us advertised for sale at our expense.

Patents taken out through us receive *special notice*, without charge, in THE PATENT RECORD, an illustrated and widely circulated journal, consulted by Manufacturers and Investors.

Send for sample copy FREE. Address,

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(*Patent Attorneys,*)
Evans Building, WASHINGTON, D. C.

PILES

Dr. Williams' Indian Pile OINTMENT will cure Blind, Bleeding, and Itching Piles. It absorbs the tumors, allays the itching at once, acts as a poultice, gives instant relief. Dr. Williams' INDIAN PILE OINTMENT is prepared only for Piles and Itching of the private parts. Every box is warranted. Sold by druggists, or sent by mail on receipt of price. 50c and $1.00 per box. WILLIAMS M'F'G CO., Prop's, CLEVELAND, O.

Sold by H. F. Vortkamp, n. e. cor. Main and North sts, Lima, Ohio.

BEST FOR THE BOWELS

If you haven't a regular, healthy movement of the bowels every day, you're sick, or will be. Keep your bowels open, and be well. Force, in the shape of violent physic or pill poison, is dangerous. The smoothest, easiest, most perfect way of keeping the bowels clear and clean is to take

CANDY CATHARTIC
Cascarets
TRADE MARK REGISTERED
REGULATE THE LIVER

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good, Do Good, Never Sicken, Weaken, or Gripe. 10c, 25c, 50c. Write for free sample, and booklet on health. Address Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago, Montreal, New York. 322

KEEP YOUR BLOOD CLEAN

Philippine Women.

Correspondence of the Indianapolis News: The women are not all homely looking, although they age very young in life. Their hair, which is of a jet-black, silky texture, is allowed to hang in a loose, flowing mass, and in many cases reaches almost to the feet. Their eyes are black and brilliant. They are remarkably clean in dress for such a dirty, muddy country. White, red and light yellow seem to be their favorite colors. A waist with a draw-string at the neck, made of some light, fluffy material, and a red piece of dress goods neatly wrapped around them, reaching to the knees, goes for a dress. The headdress is worn only on official or special occasions. They wear no stockings or shoes, but have much dignity.

Army Problems.

The greatest difficulty with armies in active service in the food supply, enough must be obtained quickly and easily. We all know the dreadful effects of lack of food at Santiago. After long study Germany and France both decided that Cocoa and Chocolate were especially adapted for the purpose, being almost entirely nutritive and small in bulk. Coffee and tea were found of no food value and really injurious. Cocoa and Chocolate fed the system and little other food is required. In France Chocolate is sold on the streets ready to drink. A cup of Chocolate with a bun is the Frenchman's breakfast and at trifling cost. Those who wish to economize should follow this example. Buy the best Cleveland Cocoa or Rose Sweet Chocolate.

Never Rode a Wheel.

Mr. Pope of Boston, who has made millions out of the manufacture of bicycles, has never learned to ride a wheel himself. Nevertheless he is familiar with every part of the "bike," from the smallest nut to the largest bar.

A Little Known Fact.

That the majority of serious diseases originate in disorder of the kidneys. Foley's Kidney Cure is guaranteed. Try it today if you're not feeling well. H. H. Vortkamp, Cor. Main and North streets.

Turkish Women and Their Fortunes.

Turkish women do not come into control of their private fortunes until after marriage. After that they can dispose of one-third of it without the husband's consent.

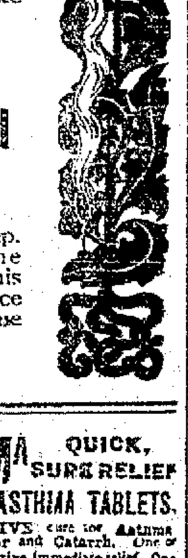
Use Allen's Foot-Ease in Your Gloves.

A lady writes: "I shake Allen's Foot-Ease into my gloves and rub a little on my hands. It saves my gloves by absorbing perspiration. It is a most dainty toilet powder." Allen's Foot-Ease makes tight or new shoes easy. Always use it to break in new shoes. It keeps the feet cool and comfortable. We invite the attention of physicans and nurses to the absolute purity of Allen's Foot-Ease. All drug and shoe stores sell it, 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

The Transvaal Censorship.

All wires from the seat of war are subjected to a strict official censorship, based mainly on two rules. One rule is that no intimation of deaths in the field shall be allowed to pass until such deaths have been announced by the authorities. The other strictly forbids the cabling of any information regarding the movements of troops.

The Trouble



is at the roots. Clipping the ends of the hair is like treating the branches of a tree with rotten roots. You must strike at the source.

Seven Sutherland Sisters'

preparations strike deep. They invigorate the roots—feed them. This gives life, beauty—grace to the hair. Everyone should use them.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

ASTHMA

QUICK, SURE RELIEF

ASTHMA TABLETS.

A POSITIVE cure for Asthma, Hay Fever and Catarrh. One or two tablets give immediate relief. One Tablet after each Meal aids Digestion. Ask your druggist, or by mail. Send stamp for free sample.

ROSE F[illegible] CO., Cleveland, O.

RELIEF OF LADYSMITH.

Stirring Story of How the Great Siege Ended.

MAJOR GOUGH'S DASHING ENTRY.

Fever Stricken Correspondent Tells How the Beleaguered Town Went Wild When Its Deliverance Came. Boers Tugging at Their Gun, "Long Tom"—Great Cheering and Singing.

Despite his burning fever, Joseph H. Dunn, the New York Journal correspondent at Ladysmith, insisted on getting out of his bed to welcome the relieving force. The following graphic description of that great event is from his pen, says a correspondent of the above paper:

The relief of Ladysmith was virtually accomplished on Wednesday, Feb. 28, when we knew that General Buller had driven the enemy from Pieter's hill. Amid scenes of tumultuous enthusiasm General White prepared for what we all felt would be the final attack. Half starved, fever stricken though we were, every bodily ill was forgotten in the almost certainty of immediate relief. Hundreds climbed Observation

GENERAL GEORGE S. WHITE.

hill to watch for the first sight of the men in khaki. The advance posts reported that the Boers were making active preparations to remove their "Long Tom" from Bulwane hill.

A derrick erected became plainly visible, and quick the open fire of every gun was in order. In a moment the big naval guns in the cove redoubt and at Cæsar's camp got to work. Fast as they could be served the rained projectiles on Bulwane and in five minutes the derrick was smashed by a well directed shell. How we cheered! Then the Boers dodged along the ridge, trying to drag their "Long Tom," but the naval gunners followed them, planting their shells with deadly precision. Our guns worked with almost ceaseless roar while we watched and cheered every shot.

Suddenly the dazzling sun was obscured by heavy black clouds, which broke loose in a tremendous thunderstorm. Torrents of rain, volleys of thunder and vivid lightning broke over the whole region, checking the operation of our guns. Half an hour later the storm passed and our navy guns broke out again, sweeping the ridge between Bulwane and Cæsar's camp, where the Boers were still struggling with their "Long Toms."

By this time our cavalry scouts brought in the news that the Boers were in full retreat in all directions. Buller also heliographed the news, with the first glint of sunlight after the storm, that they were retreating north along the Colenso road, passing behind Bulwane, where great numbers of wagons were seen, some conveying their cannon. Long columns were also visible on the other side of the town, moving rapidly over the plain toward the Drakenberg passes as the afternoon waned.

Then we knew we were free at last. But wait a moment! A cry comes from Cæsar's camp—"Cavalry is coming from the south!"

Is it friend or foe?

At once the town is in a terrific hubbub. Troops hastily gather; guns train to fight till the last man drops, if it proves to be the enemy. It is an anxious ten minutes.

As the column gallops nearer over the flats straight toward the fort at Cæsar's hill every fieldglass is strained to make them out. They reach the river. Our guns are ready, infantry and cavalry waiting too. They plunge into the river, and in a couple of minutes are up the bank on this side. Now we see the khaki. They are ours! Saved at last, thank God!

Out of the trenches, over the plain we rush, soldiers, sailors, correspondents, citizens, women and children, to welcome our deliverers. Cheering, crying, waving their hats, guns and swords, on came the men in khaki, galloping their foaming horses at full speed. On they rush toward us, covered with dust and tired with their dashing ride, but the hoofs of their horses beat the plain like a reveille of victory.

The Natal carbineers are in the lead, with Major Gough at their head; next some Natal mounted police. They are only 300, but they seemed thousands to us. They slackened the pace of their tired horses, while crowds of the besieged ran alongside, cheering, shaking hands indiscriminately and singing. Thus the motley procession marched into town. On the way Major Gough told us he had been scouting ahead of Buller's army, and, finding no opposition, they made a dash toward Ladysmith and had come through without getting a single shot.

In the main street General White and staff awaited the approach of the cheering crowd which led the horses of the rescuers by the bridles to where the brave general stood. Gough and McKenzie jumped out of their saddles and saluted and then wrung the hands of White, Hunter and others of the staff, while the throng cheered itself hoarse. White raised his hand, implored silence and made a brief speech in a voice full of emotion. He thanked all in Ladysmith, civilians as well as military, for the fortitude they had displayed during the prolonged siege; also for the support afforded him in bearing their privations without a murmur, never thinking of surrender.

Then, with a touch of that humor which has often served to keep up our spirits, White added that he had been obliged to cut down our rations in the past, but he promised not to do so any more. Then, raising his hat in his hand, the general called for three cheers for the queen, and the lungs of all Ladysmith roared three as heartfelt cheers for her gracious majesty as ever Britons uttered. Then we cheered Wales, Buller, White, Lady White, the garrison, not forgetting the sick and wounded in our rejoicing. During all this brave White, worn and weary with days and nights of ceaseless vigilance, joined with us. When he spoke, he was much moved by emotion, and, though there was a smile on his face, his voice was broken, and tears glistened in his eyes as we gave him cheer after cheer. Then, following his lead, with every head uncovered, we sang "God Save the Queen." To close the festivities we sang "He's a Jolly Good Fellow," to which White laughingly acknowledged his thanks.

It was then 7 o'clock in the evening. The sky was rapidly overcast, and another thunderstorm, with terrific rain, broke, lasting half the night. In the midst of this Lord Dundonald, with a large force of cavalry, entered the town.

The whole night was passed in rejoicing. Our limited stores were opened freely, and we ate our fill, while our rescuers divided flasks and tobacco generously. The retreating Boers must have suffered much during that terrible night, dragging their guns and wagons toward the mountain passes.

Early on Thursday morning 4,000 men of all arms started in pursuit to the northward. A detachment of Imperial Light horse occupied Bulwane, but then "Long Tom" was gone, and all the sick and wounded in Ndomba camp were brought into town.

Major Crawford arrived during the morning with a wagon train of supplies, including Lady White's Christmas presents to the troops. By noon General Buller rode in with his staff and was given a rousing reception.

And this ended the great siege of Ladysmith.

A LUXURIOUS SANITARIUM.

French Cook and an Ocean Yacht as Attractions.

A unique institution for the treatment of sufferers from tuberculosis is now being built on the northern shore of Sicily, near Palermo. It is to be known as the Villa Igiea. Its founder, Commendatore Florio, is largely animated by considerations of benevolence in this enterprise, for, although only persons of ample means can take advantage of its benefits, he has provided that after the expense of repairs has been met all surplus receipts shall go to the establishment of sanitariums for the poor.

Villa Igiea will stand at the head of a small bay looking to the southward. Its site is a magnificent one, 40 yards from the rocky edge of the sea, with terraces between. In the rear Monte Pellegrino shelters the house from northern breezes. The edifice itself will be exceedingly beautiful and is to be surrounded by temples, grottoes and marble benches, says the New York Tribune. At night the grounds will be illuminated by thousands of lamps.

The medical director, Professor Cervello, has made a special study of the fresh air and ample diet systems of dealing with phthisis in Germany. But he will offer those to whom he ministers a much milder climate than that of the Black forest, and he announces that a French chef will form an important member of his staff. A yacht of 300 tons will also be at the service of those who want it. Accommodations for about 100 persons will be afforded at this luxurious resort. It is expected that the opening ceremonies a few months hence will be attended by the king and queen of Italy.

High Honor In Paris For American Artist.

Edwin Lord Weeks, the American painter, has been invited by the Volney club of Paris to exhibit his black and white work in its exclusive salons. The exhibition is to be entirely devoted to his work, a most unusual honor, says the New York World. Mr. Weeks' pictures consist mainly of original illustrations which appeared in a New York magazine several years ago, when he was sent on an exploring expedition to Persian Turkestan with Theodore Child, who died there. The newspapers in Paris are full of favorable criticisms upon the Weeks collection. The artist is one of the few Americans to be made chevalier of the Legion of Honor.

The New "Box Coat."

The lady in the new box coat
Now trippeth down the street,
She has no curve nor crooked line,
She's straight from head to feet.
There is no wrinkle any place,
But prim and plain is she;
Her arms flap down so limply, too,
And, say, it puzzles me.
Now, is she plump or is she lean?
Hath she a witching form?
Does she wear such a coat as that
For looks—or to keep warm?
She's comely, as to smiling face,
But leave it to a vote,
And every man would vote against
That flour sack looking coat.
They do not look like other coats
Which used to be thought nice,
Yet one resemblance you will find,
And that is in the price.
These coats make you just like cigars,
Fair Laura, May and Liz;
The wrapper never indicates
Just what the filler is.
—Josh Wink in Baltimore American.

LONG TERM FASTING.

Dr. Shrady Points Out the Dangers of the Experiment.

ADVISES AGAINST THE PRACTICE.

Well Known Physician Shows How Difficult It Is to Go Without Food For a Long Time and Says Mr. Rathbun's Case Is a Most Extraordinary One.

The strange case of Milton Rathbun of Mount Vernon, who to reduce his flesh and generally tone up his system is said to have gone without food of any sort for 36 days, still continues to be the subject of more or less discussion among the medical men of New York city. Dr. George F. Shrady, in speaking recently to a New York Evening Sun reporter of Mr. Rathbun's remarkable exploit, said:

"There are three things to say about it. In the first place, the fact, if it be a fact, as it seems to be, is astonishing; second, it was very foolish, and, third, it would be a very unfortunate and dangerous thing to popularize such experiments. Now, as to whether the gentleman in question actually did go 36 days without taking nourishment of any sort is a matter I will not discuss. If he were a professional faster, I would hardly hesitate to say his claim was fraudulent, for I am fully convinced that all the professional fasters are frauds. They are simply adept sleight of hand men. They work out some adroit trick by which they may get nourishment into their systems in spite of the always more or less negligent or unsuspicious watchers and then advertise a 40 or 60 days' 'fast.' There are scores of ways, by nutritive tablets, by albuminoids in the water they drink and by many other devices, by which they may easily deceive the watchers. They simply don't fast; they get on with a limited amount of nourishment. That's all. Take the case of Ann of Tuthill, in England. She had 'fasted' a great number of days. Her fame went abroad in the land. Scientific men were interested. They were also skeptical. But the reports of Ann's continued fast kept coming in. At last, definitely to settle the matter, a watch so sharp, so unrelenting, was kept upon the woman that at the end of the tenth day she collapsed. She was thought to be dying, but they restored her, and then she confessed the fraud—told the trick by which she got her nourishment.

"Now, mind you, I don't say this Mount Vernon case is anything of this sort. I only say that if it is true it is most astounding. It is in flat contradiction of all the authorities on the subject of a human being's ability to do without food. The extreme limit of all well authenticated cases of total abstinence from nourishment is from nine to ten days. Imprisoned miners have been known to go that time and survive. From nine to ten days—that is the extreme limit of any case that is beyond any question of doubt. Yet Mr. Rathbun is said to have gone 36 days and to have been about town and about his work every day. It is astounding.

"But at all events it was a very foolish thing for Mr. Rathbun to do. About that there can be no manner of doubt. What will be the future effect upon him, upon his heart action, upon his impoverished blood, upon his nervous system, upon his organs of nutrition, necessarily paralyzed for days? These are grave questions, the answers to which may be unpleasant to Mr. Rathbun as they reveal themselves to him in the future.

"When I say that the extreme limit of abstinence from nourishment in clearly authenticated cases is from nine to ten days, you must not get the impression that all persons can last that long. It is a question of environment, of mental condition—whether buoyed by hope or stimulated by ambition to do a great feat—and above all, of course, of the physical condition of the faster. Without food the body absorbs its own tissues. Mr. Rathbun, I am told, was a very heavy man, with a superabundance of tissue. Naturally he could go longer without nourishment than a weak, attenuated, thin blooded man. And then I can imagine that he may have been buoyed up from day to day and from hour to hour by the ambition to go yet another hour and yet another day. That might stimulate him to endurance, just as the sound of the rescuers working above their heads and the constant hourly hope of escape buoyed up the imprisoned miners. But the miners rested inert, using up none of their wasting tissues in exertion, and even they were all but done for at the end of ten days. Yet Mr. Rathbun was exercising daily and about his usual avocations, and he abstained from food for 36 days! Well, it's remarkable!

"But I sincerely hope Mr. Rathbun will have no imitators. It would be a very unfortunate thing, fraught with grave possibilities, if the newspaper accounts of his reduction in weight and general improvement in health were to move others to follow his example. Many persons would be injured for life, physically wrecked and perhaps actually killed if they conscientiously did the fifth part of what he is said to have done. Let us earnestly hope there will be no antifat starvation fad inaugurated. And right here it may be said that there is a great deal of exaggeration in the sweeping statements made about people eating too much. If a man sleeps well, goes about his business in a cheerful frame of mind and does not get what is called 'out of sorts,' he may be pretty sure he is not eating too much, even though he eat a good deal. My observation is that the average man who works and gets a proper amount of exercise does not eat too much."

RUNNING SORE ON HIS ANKLE.

After Six Years of Intense Suffering, Promptly Cured By S. S. S.

Obstinate sores and ulcers which refuse to heal under ordinary treatment soon become chronic and deep-seated, and are a sure sign that the entire circulation is in a depraved condition. They are a severe drain upon the system, and are constantly sapping away the vitality. In every case the poison must be eliminated from the blood, and no amount of external treatment can have any effect.

There is no uncertainty about the merits of S. S. S.; every claim made for it is backed up strongly by convincing testimony of those who have been cured by it and know of its virtues by experience.

Mr. L. J. Clark, of Orange Courthouse, Va., writes:

"For six years I had an obstinate, running ulcer on my ankle, which at times caused me intense suffering. I was so disabled for a long while that I was wholly unfit for business. One of the best doctors treated me constantly but did me no good. I then tried various blood remedies, without the least benefit. S. S. S. was so highly recommended that I concluded to try it, and the effect was wonderful. It seemed to get right at the seat of the disease and force the poison out, and I was soon completely cured." Swift's Specific—

S. S. S. FOR THE BLOOD

—drives out every trace of impurity in the blood, and in this way cures permanently the most obstinate, deep-seated sore or ulcer. It is the only blood remedy guaranteed purely vegetable, and contains not a particle of potash, mercury, or other mineral. S. S. S. cures Contagious Blood Poison, Scrofula, Cancer, Catarrh, Eczema, Rheumatism, Sores, Ulcers, Boils, or any other blood trouble. Insist upon S. S. S.; nothing can take its place.

Valuable books mailed free by Swift Specific Company, Atlanta, Ga.

Too Much Faith in a Dog.

It is not always safe to put too much trust in a dog. An Ellsworth man had a highly prized dog, and when a neighbor presented a bill for hens which he claimed had been killed by the brute the dog owner was grieved and positively refused to believe the charge or pay for the hens. A few days later the Ellsworth man was driving by the farm where the hens had been killed. The dog was with him in the carriage. He drove into the farmer's yard to prove to him that his dog was not guilty. "Let out your hens," he said, "and I'll call the dog out of the carriage to prove that he will not kill the hens." It was done. Before the dog could be stopped he had killed four. The owner of the dog, who never dishonors a just bill, pulled out his wallet and settled for six hens.—Bangor (Me.) Commercial.

Going Down Hill.

People suffering from kidney diseases feel a gradual but steady loss of vitality. They should lose no time in trying Foley's Kidney Cure. It is guaranteed. H. F. Vortakmp, Cor. Main and North streets.

Stocking Superstitions.

From Notes and Queries: On the Welsh border it used to be considered that the surest precaution against witchcraft was to wear the left stocking wrong-side out. This leads us to another kind of superstition connected with the harmless, necessary hose—their value, when properly worn or arranged, as charms or as protections against sickness or pain. If you will only take the trouble when you go to bed to cross your stockings and shoes you will be quite safe from the grip of cramp. Again, if you hang your stockings crosswise at the foot of the bed, with a pin stick in them, you need have no fear of nightmare; the hag has a holy horror of cross and pin. Wiseacres have also been heard to declare that if you will always put your left stocking and shoe on first you will enjoy immunity from toothache. This, however, the most superstitious of mortals will likely take leave to doubt. Toothache, that "hell of a' disease," as Burns calls it, is no respecter of persons, nor, assuredly, of stockings or legs.

Lingering La Grippe Cough.

G. Vacher, 157 Osgood St., Chicago, says: "My wife had a very severe case of la grippe, and it left her with a very bad cough. She tried a bottle of Foley's Honey and Tar and it gave immediate relief. A 50 cent bottle cured her cough entirely." Price 25c. and 50c. H. F. Vortkamp, Cor. Main and North streets.

Tamed Tarantula That Does Stunts.

Mr. Goodin of Texas owns a pet tarantula which he calls Joe. The tarantula responds to his name and gives many tokens of intelligence and affection. He lies perfectly quiet on his back, lets his fangs be exhibited, and makes no attempt to use them to any one's harm. At his master's command he shakes hands with one of his long legs, and he loves to be fondled and petted. He has been in captivity more than two years, and apparently has no longing for freedom. He is large, cleanly in his habits and will not allow any refuse in his cage. He eats only once in three or four weeks and throws away his old clothes and puts on new ones once a year. His food consists mainly of large crickets and grasshoppers. Goodin is fond of animals of all sorts, and has a great control over them. Wild birds often follow him for long distances and other untamed creatures show a similar inclination.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Parlor Pets.

Perhaps the most adventurous addition to the house menagerie in London is that of a hive of bees, which live in a sitting room and fly out to gather honey in Hyde Park among the flowers and the blossoms of the London lime trees. The bees are reported to be as industrious and exemplary as bees should be and not to be demoralized by such intimate association with less industrious human buildings. The practical difficulty in the way of keeping bees in the house arises when the cold weather comes in, because they are tempted to carry on "work" in the house, when it is too chilly for them to be abroad, and when bees are anxious to be busy with no work to hand their temper is always uncertain.

A. R. De Fluent of the Journal, Doylestown, Ohio, suffered for a number of years from rheumatism in his right shoulder and side. "My right arm at times was entirely useless. I tried Chamberlain's Pain Palm, and was surprised to receive relief almost immediately. The Pain Palm has been a constant cempanion of mine ever since and it never fails." For sale by all druggists.

Tomb of the Czars.

It is not generally known that the remains of all the czars of Russia since Peter the Great lie in a memorial chapel built on one of the islands of the Neva. All the cenotaphs are exactly alike, each being a block of white marble, without any decoration whatever.

Varnish Your Shoe Soles.

Varnish the soles of shoes before wearing. It will add to their length of days.

TOO many people lose valuable time in experimenting with cough and cold cures. They should take Foley's Honey and Tar before it is too LATE. H. F. Vortkamp, Cor. of Main and North streets.

Her View Point.

She—Mother says there is a rumor that you are quite fast. "My darling, would you allow a thing like that to make any difference?" She (doubtfully)—N-no. Still, I would rather have it confirmed.—Life.

If you ever try Sutherland's Eagle Eye Salve for failing eye sight, granulated lids or sore eyes of any kind, you will be a keen-sighted advertiser among your friends for it. Druggists sell it. T. N. Cunningham, 136 north Main street.

A Gentle Hint.

He—Ida, are you interested in athletic sports? She (who has waited)—Yes; I am very much interested in the ring just now.

Colds on the Chest

When your cold has settled down deep in your chest, cough syrups will not relieve you. The system must be given strength and force to throw off the disease.

Scott's Emulsion does just this. It enables you to conquer the inflammation. The lungs soon heal, and all danger is passed. Do not let the disease become chronic because of neglect.

50c. and $1.00, all druggists.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

SECRET

Of the Bank Robbery Case

Will be Exposed to Many Searching Rays of Investigation

Before the Drama is at an End.

Mr. Michael, When Interviewed by a Times-Democrat Reporter Today,

Says That the Mistake of His Life Was Made When He Employed the Detectives Without the Advice of His Legal Counsel —Many Interesting Facts Connected With the Famous Case.

Almost the sole topic of conversation in all parts of the city last night was the new turn of affairs in the celebrated American National Bank robbery case. The published arrest of Mr. Michael was being read and discussed wherever a group of people was found. It was a denoument for which the public was wholly unprepared and it is pleasing to note that in almost every instance condemnation of the accused and belief in his guilt, is postponed until the facts alleged are proven beyond the semblance of a doubt.

Outside of the members of the local press, who have been on the qui vive for developments following the arrival of the corps of detectives, scarcely a dozen others were aware of the trend of affairs and the climax came like a bolt of lightning from a clear sky.

The mystery of the bank robbery has since been revived in its every phase and speculation is of course rife, everybody having a right to individual expressions, and they are given as the present status of the case seems to strike them. The preliminary hearing is the next step, and what it will bring forth, in a material sense, is as yet confined to those who have deemed it wise to take the decisive step which led to the arrest and arraignment of the bank's former vice president.

PUBLIC SENTIMENT

DOES NOT CONDEMN BUT DEFENDS THE ACCUSED MERCHANT.

Public sentiment, which tries, acquits and convicts in advance of the service of almost every jury, in all sensational criminal cases, is, and has been, an interesting study in the famous bank case since the news of the arrest of Mr. Michael spread like wild-fire over the city yesterday afternoon, and in justice to Mr. Michael it may be truthfully stated now that the public generally accords him the consideration that is due him. The conservative, judicious and reasonable minded element of citizenship prevails and will continue to prevail, giving the accused an opportunity to establish the innocence he proclaims. Mr. Michael has for many years been identified with Lima's foremost citizens and business men. Being always upright, energetic, progressive and straightforward in all of his extensive and numerous business transactions, honest to the utmost and liberal to a fault, those of the many citizens who have had occasion to engage in business transactions with him rightfully do not only suspend their judgment, awaiting the paramount issues in the case, but openly and enthusiastically applaud the forcible denials and strenous defense of Mr. Michael, but unanimously they earnestly and unsolicitedly sustain the proclamations of innocence that he maintains. Since the publication of the facts concerning the arrest of the prominent defendant many well known men have called upon Mr Michael to express their belief in his innocence and their cherished faith in his ability to vindicate himself. Among the many callers who so expressed themselves were B. C. Faurot, F. W. Holmes W. L. Watt and many others of equal prominence.

MR. MICHAEL TALKS.

SAYS THE MISTAKE OF HIS LIFE WAS MADE IN EMPLOYING WEBSTER.

Mr. Michael being interviewed by a Times-Democrat representative to-day said: "I am certainly placed in one of the most unfortunate positions that ever befell the lot of any man who has tried to be a respectable citizen and who has always tried to do right towards his fellow men. I am as innocent of the charge made against me as any babe in its cradle. The robbery of the American National Bank and the way that its vaults were entered and the condition in which they were left, has been an enigma that has puzzled everybody, and it was not a great length of time after it transpired until I was perfectly well aware that these circumstances made a foundation for charges against both Mr. Kalb and myself. I believe that he is just as innocent of the crime as I know that I am innocent of it, and for all of the time since that date we have talked and worried and made every endeavor, without regard to the cost or expense to ourselves, to try and locate the guilty parties and relieve ourselves from the unjust odium that attached to the good names of each of us.

"Probably the greatest

MISTAKE OF MY LIFE

Was the hiring of those detectives without knowing with whom I was dealing or without consulting my attorneys in the matter. However, I felt such a deep interest in clearing up the mystery that when Mr. Kalb came to me and wanted me to go into a contract with these Indianapolis parties, I lent a ready ear to the matter and the contract was closed up. This man Webster, who has filed the affidavit against me, impressed upon both Mr. Kalb and myself that his employment in the case should be kept an absolute secret from everybody, including the attorneys in the case.

"I can see now why he took this position, but I thought it was all right at the time and cheerfully paid my half of the costs and expenses of the investigation, which finally resulted in one of the operatives being arrested and lodged in jail here. At that time my attorneys learned for the first that these detectives were working in the case, and they became indignant and told me that I had done wrong; that after a case got into the courts as this case had gone into court in different ways, detectives should never be employed except by advice of counsel, and that all reports ought to be submitted to counsel and detectives ought to do their work under the instruction of counsel.

Shortly after the arrest of Marno for pocket picking, one Paramour, claiming to be the secretary for Captain Webster, came to the city, and I secured an interview between him and my attorneys, and the latter plainly told him that either they would get out of this case as my counsel or that this crowd of detectives would have to get out of the case, and after this I never got any report from any of the detectives; they never interviewed my attorneys, and shortly they began to whisper that they had commenced to direct an investigation against me.

"On last Tuesday they sent word for me to come to the Lima House, and I went in company with one of my attorneys, and was refused an interview after I got there. They sent word out into the hall that they wanted to see me alone and wanted nothing to do with my attorney or anybody else except me. Consequently I went away, and almost immediately thereafter they sent Mr. Kalb to me with a long statement that they had evidence against me, and urging me to go there and see what could be done about it. It looked to me immediately that nothing could be done, and refused, and then they brought all sorts of pressure to bear, saying that the papers were all ready for my arrest and that I would be arrested if I did not come. I simply sent word back to them

THAT THEY COULD ARREST

as soon as they were ready. I will not be black mailed out of a cent. I have cheerfully paid many dollars in trying to locate the perpetrators of this crime, and I am ready to spend every dollar I have in the world in defense of my good name, but I am not ready to pay one penny to hush the mouth of any person.

"The blow is a terrible one, and of course I regret it more on account of my family than on account of myself; yet in the end I know I shall be vindicated. In the few hours that have intervened since my arrest, many scores of the best citizens of Lima have extended me their sympathy and best wishes, and you may be assured that in a time like this such acts of kindness are appreciated to an extent much greater than I can express.

"I desire to thank the TIMES-DEMOCRAT and the other newspapers of Lima, for the very fair way they have treated me in this great misfortune."

THE CONTRACT

WHICH WEBSTER MADE TO HUNT DOWN THE GUILTY PARTY

H. H. Paramour, one of Detective Webster's aids, was found at the Lima House last night, on the eve of his departure for the Indianapolis headquarters, and voluntarilly offered to explain such of the circumstances surrounding the case, as he deemed right for the public to know. In the interview which followed, Mr. Paramour stated that overtures had been made several times by Capt. Webster to take the work in hand and give the mystery as thorough a sifting as possible, but it was not until he consented to work on a contingent fee, was he able to get a contract signed by all concerned. It was finally agreed that if the guilty man was found and convicted, the chief detective was to receive $2,000 cash, half of the money recovered and the legitimate expenses of three men for thirty days.

With this understanding Capt. Webster put his men to work, and took up each clew separately, determined to watch and operate upon all at whom the finger of suspicion had pointed. Janitor Bowsher was placed under surveillance and not only himself, but relatives in different parts of the country, as far away as California, had their movements taken account of. According to Mr. Paramour nothing was unearthed in any direction that warranted an affidavit charging Bowsher with the crime.

MRS. WAYMAN

APPEARS UPON THE SCENE AND RETIRES FINALLY UNDER A CLOUD.

The public will have but little trouble in recalling Mrs. Wayman, the woman who made her exit from Lima after an expose which would have led to her arrest and commitment had she remained in the city a day longer than she did. The history of the "woman in the case" was detailed briefly by detective Paramour. According to his statements, Mrs. Wayman first came into the notice of Capt. Webster on account of some clever work she had done in the southern part of Indiana. She was believed to be the sort of person who could do good service in the bank case and was sent here in the guise of a book agent. Shortly after, J. H. Lewis, better known here as J. H. Marno, was sent to Lima to act under instructions, which were to be sent from time to time from the Indianapolis headquarters. An early wire from Mrs. Wayman, who had in the meantime installed herself in a room in the Faurot block, introduced a phase of the case, which Capt. Webster thought a man could better trail, and Marno was sent on, without it being disclosed to him that a woman was also engaged in the case. Neither was Mrs. Wayman aware that she had a rival in the field in the person of Marno, and the two worked independent of each other. "We made a mistake in our selection of Mrs. Wayman, as she turned out to be a woman entirely foreign to the principles of the persons of her sex, whom it is necessary for us to occasionally employ. Marno wrote us of her, without knowing she was connected with the agency, and Capt. Webster called her in. I came to Lima on that day and was with Marno when he was arrested on the street. A detective takes the bitter with the sweet and he was willing to remain in confinement rather than to have his release effected by the disclosure of the situation. Marno will be released before you go to press tomorrow," was the conclusion of Detective Paramour on that point.

THE SEQUEL

OF MRS. WAYMAN'S ESCAPADE AS A SLEUTH IN LIMA.

"After Mrs. Wayman's recall," continued detective Paramour, "it was a question with Capt. Webster as to whether the husband of the woman should be informed of her actions while in your city. He first disclosed the matter to Mr. Wayman's relatives and acting upon their advice told the husband all of the circumstances. He was not satisfied without a personal investigation, but came to Lima in person, where from the police and others, he learned enough in a few short hours to convince him that the story had not been exaggerated. He arrived here about noon and left at two o'clock. Upon his return to Indianapolis he dissolved relations with his wife and she returned to her relatives in Kentucky." According to Sheriff Bogart, the woman has a charge of pocket-picking against her here and had she not made her escape would have been held to answer to the grand jury.

NO DISCLOSURE

OF THE EVIDENCE IN HAND WILL BE MADE BEFORE THE HEARING.

"I might give you some idea of the evidence we have collected in the bank robbery case without detriment to the state's cause, but it is of a nature which would be unsatisfactory without all the connecting links, and you would not care to use it, perhaps, until it was introduced in the regular process of the trial," was detective Paramour's remark when the conversation drifted back to the development of the past few days. "We have taken the step with our eyes open and certainly under the agreement entered into with Messrs. Kalb and Michael, we can expect no returns unless, as specified in the contract, we are able to bring the right man to justice. I will say that it has only been within the past two weeks that we dropped all other clues and directed the entire attention of our staff to following up the clues which led us to suspect Mr. Michael.

BOWSHER'S SETTLEMENT

OF THE DAMAGE SUIT AGAINST KALB AND MICHAEL EXPLAINED.

"What had Mrs. Wayman and Marno to do with influencing Bowsher to settle the damage suits against Mr. Kalb and Mr. Michael," was interposed by the TIMES-DEMOCRAT reporter, who, until now, had been but an interested listener. "They had nothing whatever to do with it, and the first information we had of any settlement being made was through Mr. Kalb who wrote to us of the transaction.

"It was the desire of both Mr. Kalb and Mr. Michael to get rid of those cases in order to clear the decks of everything which might block the progress of the action brought by the directors of the bank, and knowing the influence B. C. Faurot had with the janitor employed in his building, he was asked to intercede. Bowsher finally consented to a settlement of both cases for $500, and $50 of the amount was paid him when he attached his signature to the agreement. He went to the clerks office and out of the $50 paid $14.02 to settle the costs that had accumulated. The clerk of courts, however, interposed an objection to the dismissal of the cases for the reason that Bowsher's attorney, Mr. Hamilton had not signed consent to a dismissal.

"When we learned through Mr. Kalb that they had agreed to pay Bowsher the money stated, Capt. Webster wired to await his arrival in Lima. He came as quickly as possible and protested against any money being paid to the janitor, giving as his reason that he was still working on the Bowsher clews, and preferred that the janitor would have no excuse to offer should he some day be called upon to explain from what source he had received money to spend so freely. That is the whole history of the attempted settlement," concluded the detective, "and the hypnotic and drug story as published in one of your local papers was a fake, pure and simple."

IN VAIN

The Jury Tried to Reach An Agreement.

And the Shugro Trial Resulted in a Disagreement.

After being closeted for twenty-five hours the jury impanelled to decide the guilt or innocence of John Shugro, indicted for the assault upon Miss Margaret Haub, was discharged by Judge Cunningham shortly after five o'clock yesterday afternoon, it being demonstrated by that time that an agreement was out of the question.

Cured in One Night.

Charles H. Connelle, Esq., leading lawyer of York, Pa., says: "Your Brazilian Balm cured me of one of the worst colds I ever experienced, in one night. I think it the greatest medicine in the market, and you can use my name any way you like.

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